

GENERAL STUDIES COURSE PROPOSAL COVER FORM

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Copy and po		<u>t</u> course informa			Course Catalog.		
Academi	c Unit	College of L. Sciences	iberal Arts	and	Department		chool of International Letters and Cultures
Subject	FRE	Number	210	Title	Intensive French II		Units: 6
		ed course? Tify course(s)	No				
Course d Second s French ir based on	n a dynam active lis	n: of an intensive, ic communicat	ive environi aking practi	oriented ment. Clastice of ever	ss time is spent main	igned ly on	to develop functional proficiency in a variety of communicative activities fferent social situations, with much use
Note- a ser Eligibility Permane	parate pro : nt numbe		ed for each of the state of the	npleted th	ne university's review		approval process. edu or <u>Lauren.Leo@asu.edu</u> .
Submiss	ion deadl	ines dates are	as follow:				
		i Effective Date course will se		, 2014	For	Spring	; 2016 Effective Date: March 19, 2015
requirem core area course m Checklists Complete Lit Ma Co Hu So Na Cu Gle His	ent and nas simulta ay be cou s for gen e and atta eracy and thematics manities, cial-Behav tural Scientural Divobal Awar storical Avar	nore than one a neously, even inted toward book eral studies of the approprimation of Critical Inquiry core courses (tatistics/quantion of Arts and Designoral Sciences aces core courses ersity in the Uneness courses (wareness courses)	wareness a f approved oth the Gene lesignation (core course MA) tative appli n core course es (SQ/SG) ited States G) es (H)	rea requir for those eral Studions: st ses (L) cations coses (HU) s (SB) courses (G	rements concurrently areas. With departm es requirement and t ore courses (CS)	, but i iental	ourse may satisfy a core area may not satisfy requirements in two consent, an approved General Studies ajor program of study.
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Contact			py or the	hrobos	al will be accept	eu.	
Name	Mariana	Bahtchevanova			Pla	one	480 727-9139
Mail code	0202				E	mail:	MarianaB@asu.edu
Departn	ient Ch	air/Directo	r appro	val: (Req	uired)		



Chair/Director name (Typed):	Joe Cutter	Date:	3/18/15
Chair/Director (Signature):	Jeline		

Arizona State University Criteria Checklist for

GLOBAL AWARENESS [G]

Rationale and Objectives

Human organizations and relationships have evolved from being family and village centered to modern global interdependence. The greatest challenge in the nuclear age is developing and maintaining a global perspective which fosters international cooperation. While the modern world is comprised of politically independent states, people must transcend nationalism and recognize the significant interdependence among peoples of the world. The exposure of students to different cultural systems provides the background of thought necessary to developing a global perspective.

Cultural learning is present in many disciplines. Exposure to perspectives on art, business, engineering, music, and the natural and social sciences that lead to an understanding of the contemporary world supports the view that intercultural interaction has become a daily necessity. The complexity of American society forces people to balance regional and national goals with global concerns. Many of the most serious problems are world issues and require solutions which exhibit mutuality and reciprocity. No longer are hunger, ecology, health care delivery, language planning, information exchanges, economic and social developments, law, technology transfer, philosophy, and the arts solely national concerns; they affect all the people of the world. Survival may be dependent on the ability to generate global solutions to some of the most pressing problems.

The word university, from universitas, implies that knowledge comes from many sources and is not restricted to local, regional, or national perspectives. The Global Awareness Area recognizes the need for an understanding of the values, elements, and social processes of cultures other than the culture of the United States. Learning which recognizes the nature of others cultures and the relationship of America's cultural system to generic human goals and welfare will help create the multicultural and global perspective necessary for effective interaction in the human community.

Courses which meet the requirement in global awareness are of one or more of the following types: (1) indepth area studies which are concerned with an examination of culture-specific elements of a region of the world, country, or culture group, (2) the study of contemporary non-English language courses that have a significant cultural component, (3) comparative cultural studies with an emphasis on non-U.S. areas, and (4) in-depth studies of non-U.S. centered cultural interrelationships of global scope such as the global interdependence produced by problems of world ecology, multinational corporations, migration, and the threat of nuclear war.

Reviewed 4/2014

Proposer: Please complete the following section and attach appropriate documentation.

		ASU[G] CRITERIA GLOBAL AWARENESS [G]	
YES	NO	ODOBNI TWINKE (200 [C]	Identify Documentation Submitted
\boxtimes		Studies must be composed of subject matter that addresses or leads to an understanding of the contemporary world outside the U.S.	Syllabus, Table of Content
		2. The course must match at least one of the following descriptions: (check all which may apply):	=
		a. In-depth area studies which are concerned with an examination of culture-specific elements of a region, country or culture group. The area or culture studied must be non-U.S. and the study must contribute to an understanding of the contemporary world.	
\boxtimes		b. The course is a language course for a contemporary non-English language, and has a significant cultural component.	syllabus, textbook's table of content
		c. The course is a comparative cultural study in which most, i.e., more than half, of the material is devoted to non-U.S. areas.	
		d. The course is a study of the cultural significance of a non-U.Scentered global issue. The course examines the role of its target issue within each culture and the interrelatedness of various global cultures on that issue. It looks at the cultural significance of its issue in various cultures outside the U.S., both examining the issue's place within each culture and the effects of that issue on world cultures."	

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Course Prefix	Number	Title	Designation
FRE	210	Intensive French II	Global Awareness (G)

Explain in detail which student activities correspond to the specific designation criteria. Please use the following organizer to explain how the criteria are being met.

Criteria (from checksheet)	How course meets spirit (contextualize specific examples in next column)	Please provide detailed evidence of how course meets criteria (i.e., where in syllabus)
SAMPLE: 2d: study the cultural significance of a non-U.S. centered global issue	SAMPLE: The course examines the cultural significance of financial markets Japan, Korea, and the UK.	SAMPLE: Module 2 shows how Japanese literature has shaped how Japanese people understand world markets. Module 3 shows how Japanese popular culture has been changed by the world financial market system. Modules 4 & 5 do the same for Korea and modules 6 & 7 do the same for the UK.
1. The course addresses or leads to an understanding of the contemporary world ouside the US	This is the second semester of an intensive introductory course to the French language and culture. It is impossible to learn a language without understanding the society and culture(s) where it is spoken. That's why in addition to the French language, students also learn about various aspects of the French society and Francophone cultures around the world.	Some of the cultural topics discussed in the course are Paris, French and Francophone Cinéma, regional diversity in France, French oversees departments and territories, the status of French Creole, Francophone Africa, French and francophone music, arts, and literature. Please refer to the highlighted sections in the course syllabus and the underlined sections in the table of contents for a detailed list of cultural topics and themes (last 6 chapters).
2.b: the course is a language course of a contemprary non-English language, and has a significant cultural component	One of the objectives of the course is for students to gain a better understanding of the French and francophone cultures, to develop cultural awareness and critical thinking skills necessary to acquire intercultural communication competence.	Each chapter has a regional focus and a cultural theme (with visuals, maps, short texts as well as Internet sites, short films, authentic documents, and interactive activities that focus on the presented cultural information. It also profiles French and Francophone artists from one of the regions of focus. The cultural comparison section at the end of each chapter includes additional readings and materials about different aspects of the Francohpone cultures and encourages students to make cross-cultural comparisons. In addition, students are asked to identify and discuss the basic behavioral and sociolinguistic protocols appropriate in everyday situations in the foreign culture. Please refer to the Table of Contents and the Syllabus for more details

FRE 210: Catalog Description

Intensive French II

Second semester of an intensive, proficiency-oriented language course designed to develop functional proficiency in French in a dynamic communicative environment. Class time is spent mainly on a variety of communicative activities based on active listening and speaking practice of everyday French as used in different social situations, with much use of various print, video and Web-based media.

Allow multiple enrollments: No

Primary course component: Integrated Lecture/Lab

Repeatable for credit: No Grading method: Student Option

Offered by: College of Liberal Arts and Sciences -- School of International Letters and Cultures

Prerequisite(s): FRE 102 or 110 or 111 with C or better

Intensive French II- FRE 210 Spring 2016

Instructor: Mariana Bahtchevanova

Office Location: LL 164 F Email: <u>MarianaB@asu.edu</u>

SILC main office: LL440(480-965-6281)

Office hours:

Phone number: 480 727-9139

Or by appointment

If my regular office hours are not convenient for you, we can set up an appointment outside those times. You can contact me via e-mail for an appointment or for other questions and problems. I will try to get back to you within 24 hours.

Required text:

Manley, Smith, McMinn, and Prévost. <u>Horizons</u>. Custom Edition for ASU. Boston: Heinle & Heinle, 2015 and Code for Heinle iLrn Center, 6hth edition at http://iLrn.heinle.com. This is a custom edition for ASU and it is different and cheaper than the regular 6th edition.

The book key gives you access to the e-book and to the center where you will submit online workbook and lab activities. Please read the special instructions for the registration posted in Blackboard. If you bought a packet from the ASU bookstore, you already have a key. If you have a used book, you must purchase a book key. Book keys may be purchased through the ASU Bookstore or directly from the iLearn Center which is found at ilrn.heinle.com (iLrnTM Heinle Learning Center 3-Semester Instant Access Code) and the book « Le Petit Prince» (part of the ASU packet)

Online Students Activities Manual and Textbook Site:

The textbook comes with a "key" which will allow you to access the online Heinle Lerning Center called Heinle iLrn Site, which includes the online Student Activities Manual (SAM), Video Library, ebook, online textbook activities, enrichment activities, and diagnostic tests. The online Student Activities Manual consists of two parts: Written Exercises and the Lab Manual. The written activities provide additional practice of the vocabulary and grammar for each textbook lesson. The Lab activities focus on building your listening comprehension and pronunciation skills in French. They provide additional practice for the vocabulary and grammar points covered in class as well as literary and cultural readings in each textbook lesson. In addition, the iLrn site supports you with a wide range of online resources-videos and short films (Video library); textbook activities with self-correcting capabilities, additional activities, cultural information and links, diagnostics tests, podcasts, grammar tutorials, and music that directly correlate to your textbook and go beyond it.

Recommended (optional):

Rochat, Denise. Contrastes: Grammaire du français courant. Upper Saddle. River, NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005.

Course Description:

FRE 210 is an intensive intermediate course for students who have completed FRE 110 with a grade of C or better at ASU or who have been advised to take it as a result of a placement test by the French program at ASU. See your instructor if you are in this course for any other reason. This is a six-credit hour course that meets on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays for 75 minutes in the classroom. In addition to the work in class, students are expected to complete written and oral homework assignments on a daily basis. You should, on average, plan to spend at least 2 hours each day studying French outside of class. Read the document entitled "How to study for this class" posted in the Course Documents folder on Blackboard for suggestions, which will help you in your learning process.

In this course emphasis will be on both oral and written communication through development of skills in listening, speaking, reading, writing, and cultural awareness. Past grammatical and vocabulary topics will be reviewed and reinforced, and new ones will be presented in order to further develop students' communicative competence in French.

Themes and topics covered in this class: travel, professions and careers, family, housing, shopping and fashion, transportation, furniture and household appliances, technology and communication, food and cooking, sports, movies and theater, politics, racism, immigration; war, art and architecture.

<u>Grammar topics covered in this course:</u> all pronouns and articles, all present and future tenses, all past indicative tenses, reflexive structures, conditional sentences, present and past subjunctive, prepositions selected by verbs, relative clauses, the present participle and the gerund.

Cultural Topics covered in this course: In addition to learning basic writing, speaking, listening, and reading skills, students will gain a better understanding of the French and francophone cultures. Developing cultural awareness and critical thinking skills necessary to acquire cultural awareness is crucial to successful intercultural communication. Cultural topics discussed in the class: Paris, France, French and Francophone Cinéma (we will watch short authentic videos and short films), regional diversity in France (Paris, la Normandie, etc): French oversees departments and territories, French Creole, Francophone Africa, family and relationships in France, food, types of restaurants in France, vacation and holidays in the French society, French and francophone music, art, movies, and literature. Students will watch short films and clips from movies from France and other francophone countries and will listen to music from different francophone countries and regions. In this class, in addition to the short articles, brochures, poems, and short stories, students will read their first novel in French ("Le petit prince"). They will discuss basic similarities and differences among Francophone cultures represented in the course as well as fundamental similarities and differences between these Francophone cultures and their own culture and show an emerging awareness of the pitfalls of stereotyping and of the complexities of

cultural issues. They will gain understanding of cultural norms, values, beliefs, and regional variations within areas where the target language is used.

Throughout the semester, a number of cultural activities and projects will take place. Students are strongly encouraged to participate in the activities organized by the French Club at ASU (le Cercle Français) and the other cultural events. Your instructor will provide you with details at a later date.

Learning outcomes: (In alignment with the ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines 2012):

Speaking (Intermediate-Low to Mid): After completing FRE 210, students will be able to - use standard French to accomplish a variety of uncomplicated communicative tasks in straightforward social situations such as participating in simple conversations on familiar topics (i.e. personal background and interests, family, home, daily activities, social needs related to food, travel, shopping, work, lodging) and performing a variety of communicative functions to work their way through survival situations in the target culture (i.e. asking questions, asking for directions, expressing emotions and opinions, apologizing, proposing, accepting and refusing, etc.).

<u>Listening (Intermediate Low-to Mid)</u>: Students will be able to

- comprehend spoken French with sufficient ability to grasp the main idea and some of the supporting details in informal interactions and in more extended and formalized presentations--both prepared and spontaneous--that relate to topics of some familiarity.

Reading (Intermediate High): At the end of the course students will be able to

- read and comprehend the main idea and some of the supporting details of both edited and non-edited material about past, present and future events (including narratives, short stories and short novels, articles, fairy tales, songs, and plays, advertisements, tourist brochures, and magazine interviews).

Writing (Intermediate Low to Mid): At the end of the course, students will be able to

- meet a number of practical writing needs, such as write short simple letters, emails or messages in which content involves personal experiences, short essays, and opinion pieces on familiar topics, and respond in writing to the ideas and opinions of others.

Grade Assignment: It is imperative that the students attend class regularly as language learning is a cumulative skill. Grades will be calculated as follows:

Chapter exams: 30% (6 exams @ 5%)

Final Written Exam: 10%

Oral exams: 15% (5% midterm; 10% final)

Compositions: 12% (4@ 3% each)

Homework 20%
Oral in-class presentation 3%
In-class work 10%

Grading Scale:

The scale is:	
98 - 100 A+	80 - 82 B-
93 – 97 A	77 – 79 C+
90 – 92 A-	70 – 76 C
87 – 89 B+	60 - 69 D
83 – 86 B	0 – 59 E

All students must take the exams, write the compositions, and do all work assigned.

Description of major assignments and examinations:

<u>Chapter exams</u>: There are 6 exams scheduled during the semester, which are indicated on the course calendar. Each exam is comprehensive and will assess speaking, reading, listening, writing and culture. There will be a review session the day before the exam. If you miss an exam due to illness or another properly authorized excused absence, you will have to contact the instructor to arrange for a make-up exam. Students who do not have a valid reason for their absence will NOT be allowed to make up any examination (including all written/oral exams, quizzes, etc.). Students are responsible for contacting the instructor and providing the proper documentation for their absences.

<u>Final written exam</u>: The final written exam is a comprehensive cumulative exam, which will assess your language proficiency skills in reading and writing. We will review all the material covered in class the last week of classes. A study guide to help you prepare for the exam will be posted on Blackboard. The room, date and time for the final exam will be posted on Blackboard several weeks before the day of the exam.

<u>Oral exams:</u> The midterm oral exam and the final oral exam represent oral interviews with your instructor, which will assess your speaking and listening comprehension skills. You will be given a study guide and the rubric for both oral exams at least one week in advance. The oral exams reflect all the work you do inside and outside the classroom and will cover the basic communicative functions studied in this course.

Compositions /Writing Projects: There will be four major writing assignments during the course of the semester based on topics covered in class. You will write two drafts for each composition. This assignment allows you to combine all that you have studied to communicate your own thoughts. The topics and the rubrics are posted on Blackboard in the folder **Devoirs/Compositions**. There is a robust online spellchecker and grammar checker for Anglophone learners of French that you should use before turning in your journals: **bonpatron.com**. We will have a short training session in the lab to show you how to use the program. You are also encouraged to use dictionaries and grammar reference materials **but do NOT use online translators**. This is considered cheating and will not help you learn the language.

The assignments and the deadlines for each draft are posted on Blackboard, so make sure to check the BB site regularly.

Homework: Most of the homework and lab work will be assigned on the Heinle iLrn website. Make sure to check the iLrn site every week and to complete all the assigned work on time. There will be online lab activities (listening, speaking, pronunciation, collaborative activities with classmates, online videos) and online written activities.

In addition to your online work on the publisher's site, you will be assigned chapters and activities from the novel "Le Petit Prince" on a regular basis as well as other small assignments from the textbook. You will also post a response to a question on the discussion board on Blackboard on a regular basis. Include your own opinion in a post, and respond to at least two other students' post (3 posts minimum per discussion). These discussion board posts will be due on the same day and time that your iLrn assignments are due after we complete a chapter. Do not wait until the last minute to complete the online lab work or other assignments. It is more beneficial to work every day on your assignments.

All homework activities will be posted on Blackboard for each week and students are expected to check Blackboard every day.

<u>In-class work:</u> It is imperative that students attend class regularly as language learning is a cumulative skill. Quizzes both announced and unannounced will be given on a regular at the beginning of class. Their format will vary depending on the learning objectives for the day. If you are late for class, you will miss the quiz and will lose points. In addition to the quizzes, you will be graded on class participation. If you miss a quiz because you are absent or late, it is your responsibility to contact me and make arrangements to make it up. You will be allowed to make up the quiz only if you have extenuating circumstances for your absence.

<u>Oral in-class presentation</u>: Each student is required to sign up for a short 5-minute oral Power Point presentation on a cultural topic related to the French and Francophone cultures of their choice (the topic can be in any field that is related to France or the francophone world: music, art, history, geography, politics, etiquette, transportation, sports, military, etc.).

Policy on absences:

Excessive unexcused absences can and will adversely affect your final grade in the course, since oral work done in class cannot be made up. Exceptions may be made on a case by case basis. Extenuating circumstances should be discussed with your instructor. However, that does not guarantee that an exception will be made and documentation will be required. You must email or call your instructor to arrange for makeup work if necessary.

Students who need to be absent from class due to religious observances or due to participation in university- sanctioned activities, should notify the instructor at the beginning of the semester about the need to be absent from class and make arrangements to make up missed assignments and in-class work.

Students who have more than four unexcused absences will lose 4% of their final in-class work grade (these are the points for participation). Moreover, they will miss additional points because they didn't take the in-class quizzes on the days they were absent and didn't submit or present the homework assignment in class. If you are absent without extenuating circumstances, make sure to submit an electronic copy of your written assignment due in class before class starts. A hard copy, however, is required the next day.

Excessive tardiness will adversely affect your grade. The quiz will be given at the beginning of class, so make sure to be always present on time. Extenuating circumstances may be explained to the instructor but documentation will be required.

Email:

Make sure you check your ASU email account on a daily basis. Go to the Computing Commons east of the MU before or on the second day of class to get it set up. If you don't use your ASU account, please make sure you link your personal email to the ASU otherwise you won't receive emails from your instructor.

Blackboard and Online Work:

You need to log in on a daily basis for assignments, course documents and announcements. You will also need to complete online assignments on the publisher's site every day. If you do not have access to a personal computer, you can go to the SILC Learning Support Facilities in LL 65 and LL 61.

Student Code of Conduct:

Students are expected to know and adhere to the Arizona Board of Regents Student Code of Conduct. For detailed information about the Student Code of Conduct and Student Disciplinary Procedures, please refer to the following site: http://www.asu.edu/aavd/manuals/ssm/ssm104-01.html

Students are allowed to use their laptops to access the online ebook, to take notes or to complete online activities. Students who use their laptops for any other purpose during class time will no longer be allowed to use their computer during class. Students are not allowed to use their cell phones in class. Dictionaries and reference materials are allowed except during an examination.

Academic Integrity:

Academic honesty is expected of all students in all examinations, papers, laboratory work, academic transactions and records. The possible sanctions include, but are not limited to, appropriate grade penalties, course failure (indicated on the transcript as a grade of E), course failure due to academic dishonesty (indicated on the transcript as a grade of XE), loss of registration privileges, disqualification and dismissal. For more information, see http://provost.asu.edu/academicintegrity

Each student must act with honesty and integrity, and must respect the rights of others in carrying out all academic assignments. A student may be found to have engaged in academic dishonesty if, in connection with any Academic Evaluation or academic or research assignment (including a paid research position), he or she engages in any form of academic deceit, refers to materials or sources or uses devices (e.g., computer disks, audio recorders, camera phones, text messages) not authorized by the instructor for use during the evaluation or assignment; possesses, reviews, buys, sells, obtains, or uses, without appropriate authorization, any materials intended to be used for an evaluation or assignment in advance of its administration; acts as a substitute for another person in any academic evaluation or assignment; uses a substitute in any academic evaluation or assignment; depends on the aid of others, including other students or tutors, in connection with any evaluation or assignment to the extent that the work is not representative of the student's abilities; engages in plagiarism; uses materials from the Internet or any other source without full and appropriate attribution; permits his or her work to be submitted by another person in connection with any academic evaluation or assignment, without authorization; claims credit for or submits work done by another; signs an attendance sheet for another student, allows another student to sign on the student's behalf, or otherwise participates in gaining credit for attendance for oneself or another without actually attending.

Students are not allowed to use online translators for their compositions, discussion forums, exams, or other written assignments. They are encouraged to use bonpatron.com, good dictionaries, their textbooks, and other reference materials.

Disability Accommodations:

Qualified students with disabilities who will require disability accommodations in this class are encouraged to make their requests to me at the beginning of the semester either during office hours or by appointment.

Note: Prior to receiving disability accommodations, verification of eligibility from the Disability Resource Center (DRC) is required. Disability information is confidential. Establishing Eligibility for Disability Accommodations: Students who feel they will need disability accommodations in this class but have not registered with the Disability Resource Center (DRC) should contact DRC immediately. Their office is located on the first floor of the Matthews Center Building. DRC staff can also be reached at: 480-965-1234 (V), 480-965-9000 (TTY).

For additional information, visit: www.asu.edu/studentaffairs/ed/drc. Their hours are 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Monday through Friday.

Important Information on Course Content:

The language and culture(s) you will be studying are different from your own in many ways. The goal is to help you not only learn a new language but also a new way of thinking about the world and a different way of organizing your knowledge about the world. Although some aspects of the French and francophone cultures may seem familiar, other aspects might be

very different from your own and might even be considered offensive to some of you. If you find some of the course content (videos, movies, readings, etc.) offensive, please feel free to discuss it with your instructor. If you find it difficult to approach your instructor, you should know that it is also possible to contact the coordinator of the lower division French courses, Dr. Bahtchevanova, MarianaB@asu.edu, who can address your concerns.

EMPLOI DU TEMPS (Course Itinerary)

Week 1 (Jan.11)

M: Introduction au cours ; Révision Ch.préliminaire ; Enregistrez-vous pour ce cours sur <u>Heinle iLrn</u>.

T: Review of Chapters 1&2: Review of greetings, introductions, and present tense forms

Popular hobbies and pass-times in France

W Review of Ch.3 Politeness strategies

Th: Review of Ch. 4: Asking and answering questions/ Vidéo "Les stagiaires/ Culture and reading: La vie privée et la vie publique en France

Week 2 (Jan.18)

M: Congé / Marthin Luther King Jr

T: Ch. 5 : Telling a story:

Composition 1.1

W: Narration strategies/les expressions typiques pour raconter une histoire

Discussion Board # 1 on Blackboard

Th: Ch. 6: Welcome to Francophone Europe Composition #1.2

Week 3 (Jan.25)

M: EXAM 1= Chapters 1-5 (review)

Tu: Chapter 6. Compétence 2

Discussion Board 2 on Blackboard

W: Chapter 6: Compétence 3/ A walk in Paris

Th: Chapter 6: Compétence 4

Week 4 (Feb.1)

M: Reading and Culture "L'immigration en France"

T: Chapitre 6 - Review

Discussion Board # 3

W: EXAM 2

Composition 2.1

Th Chapter 7/Compétence 1 : Regional focus : La France et sa diversité

Week 5 (Feb.8)

M: Ch. 7/Compétence 2

T: Ch. 7/Compétence 3 Composition 2.2

W: Ch. 7/Compétence 4

Th: Comparaisons culturelles: Love and the modern French couple

Week 6 (Feb. 15)

M: Oral Exam 1

T: Reading/Literature: Le petit prince ch. 1-4

W: Chapitre 7- review
Le petit prince Ch.5-6

Th: Exam 3
Discussion #3 sur Blackboard

Week 7 (Feb. 22)

M: Composition # 3.2

T: Ch. 8: Regional focus: La Normandie Le petit prince ch. 7-9

W: Ch. 8/ Compétence 2 Shopping **Le petit prince Ch.8-10**

Th Ch.8/Compétence 3
Le petit prince ch.11-13

Week 8 (Feb.29)

M Ch. 8/Compétence 4 Comparaisons Culturelles : A Table Le petit prince ch.14-16

T Ch.8/Review W` Chapter EXAM

Le petit prince Ch. 17-19

Th Ch. 9: Regional Focus: Overseas departments and territories of France

Le petit prince Ch.20-22

Week 9 (March 7) Vacances de printemps (Spring Break)

Week 10 (March 14)

M	Ch.9: Compétence 1
	Le petit prince Ch 23-25
T	Ch.9 : Compétence 2
	Discussion #4 sur Blackboard
	Short film: On s'embrasse
W	Ch. 9 : Compétence 3
	Le petit prince ch. 25-27 et conclusion
Th	Ch.9: Compétence 4
	Le créole
	Composition 4.1
	Week 11 (March 21)
M	Ch. 10: Regional focus: The Antilles
Tu	Ch. 10/Compétence 1
	Short film: Emilie Muller
W	Ch. 10/ Compétence 2
	Short film: « La vie n'est jamais facile »
Th	Ch. 10/Compétence 3
	Week 12 (March 28)
M	Ch.10/Compétence 4
T	Ch. 10/ La musique francophone : les influences africaines et antillaises
W	Festival of the francophone music
	Discussion #5 sur Blackboard
Th	Ch.10/ Review
	Short film: J'attendrai le suivant
	Week 13 (April 4)
M	Ch. 9 : Lecture « Se renseigner »
141	Culture « L'amitié, »
	Short film « Rien de grave »
Т	Ch. 10- Exam
W:	TV5 Monde- un voyage dans le monde francophone
Th:	Les actualités
111 %	<u>Les acuances</u>
	Wook 14 (April 11)
M	Week 14 (April 11)
M	Ch.10- EXAM
T	
W	Cultural project : présentations en classe
Th	Présentations en classe
	Week 15 (April 18)
M	Chapitre de révision
T	Chapitre de révision - Regional focus : La Belgique (Belgium)

W Review: Chapitre 6-7
Th Review: Chapitres 8-9

Week 16 (April 25)

M Review chapitre 10/11
T Oral activities /Mock oral exam
W Practice activities for final assessment
Short film:

Oral Exam

Th

The date, time and room of your final exam will be posted on Blackboard as a permanent announcement.

This syllabus is subject to change

Interesting and realistic exercises that progress from recognition to production and from more structured to increasingly open-ended. In Horzena, material is presented so that it helps increase students confidence as their skills develop. New material is first presented in context, followed by recognition activities to familiative students with it. After the recognition activities, new structures are explained and students work with them in numerous, varied activities. Production activities build from simple exercises where students answer with a word or a phrase, to realistic tole plays. Personalized exercises encourage students to express their own thoughts in Ferch. All activities create meaningful communication; even the simplest have been designed so that students must understand what they are saying. Students use grammar, vocabulary, and pronunciation as the tools of communication, which is integrated into explanations of structures. For example, the vowed sounds of le and les are taught with the definite article in the context of distinguishing singular and plural nouns.

Learning strategies with activities. Students develop skills more quickly when raught strategies. In the last section of the first Completence of each chapter of Horizons, students are explicitly taught reading and listening strategies and are given activities to practice them. These strategies are then recycled and practical again in the Student Activities Manual. In the Lecture part of the Lecture et Compositions section at the end of chapters, students are asked to reapply and expand the reading strategies they have learned to read a variety of authentic texts (trealia, song lyries, poems, articles, literary texts). In the Composition section, students lean and practice writing strategies.

Process-writing activities. In the Composition sections, pre-writing activities guide students as they organize their thoughts before writing compositions. Teacher's annotations suggest peer-review activities to guide students as they review what they have written and finally produce short pieces that can become part of a portfolio.

A forus on the francophone world and activity-based culture sections. Each regional unit (two chapters) of Horizons revolves around a story of visitors to a different part of the francophone world (Gôte d'Azus, Québec, Louisiane, Paris, Normandie, les Anfilles). Each chapter gous with a photo expose of the region win geographical information and accompanying activities to set the scene and give students a visual representation of the area. As students bellow the chancers through the region, the learn about its culture, the tunions, prespectives, and daily life of the people. Additionally, the Bienvenue en Europe francophone photo spread that follows Chapters 5 and the Bienvenue en Afrique francophone photo spread that follows Chapters and with a Comparations culturelles section, whig francophone cultures. Chapters and with a Comparations culturelles section, whig favor students information about various aspects of francophone culture and encourage them to trake cross-cultural comparisons. Shorter Notes culture and encourage them to trake cross-cultural comparisons. Shorter Notes culturelles are interspected in the margin of the text to cach the student's eye and to provide interesting bits of information.

Integrated review sections. At the end of each chapter, the Résumé de grammaire is a useful study tool that summarizes all of the grammar topics presented in the chapter on a concise two page spread. Both the Résumé de grammaire and the require activities that othe fourth Compétenze of each chapter are designed to help students become responsible for their own learning and review for exams.

Plentiful teacher notes. On-page teacher notes make Horizont user-friendly for instructors with varying levels of experience. These notes help teachers create lesson plans, suggest additional activities, and provide further cultural and linguistic information to share with students.

Video program. The new video. Les Sugiaires, created specifically for Horizons, integrates the vocabulary and grammar from each chapter into a series of vignetres about two new interns working in an office. Their daily interactions and adventures with their co-workers depoir real-life uses of French in a variety of situations, allowing students to practice listening skills with the vocabulary and structures they have studied up to that point. A short scene is integrated with each chapter's review activities in the Reprise section of the fourth Compétence.

A robust book-specific website. The text's new Premium Website is your one-stop portal to an online suite of digital resources. Students have complimentary access to the complete in-text audio program, auto-graded vocabulary and grammar quizzes, cultural Web search activities, and chapter-specific Web links. Premium password-protected resources include the complete SAM audio program, the complete wideo program, audio-enhanced flashcards, vocabulary and grammar podcists, and over thiny grammar trutorial videos.

Language learning through technology. The iLm Heinle Learning Center allows you to assign, assess, and track students progress with a click of the mouse. With the iLm Heinle Learning Center, everything students need to master the skills and concepts of the course is built right into the dynamic learning environment. The iLm Heinle Learning Center includes an audio and video-environment. The iLm Heinle Learning Center includes an audio and video-environment dobods, assignable reachook activities, partnered voice-recorded activities, an online Student Activities Manual with audio, interactive enrichment activities, and a diagnostic study tool to better prepare students for exams.

Components of the Horizons Program

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Text Audio Program accessible via the Premium Website
Student Activities Manual (SAM) (Cahier d'activités écrites et orales)
Heinle eSAM powered by Quia (electronic version of the Student Activities

SAM Audio Program accessible via the Premium Website

SAM Answer Key and Audioscript

Construction of the Assistance of the State of the Indian Arden Les Sagaines available on DVD, the Premium Website and the iLm

Heinle Learning Center.

Premium Website Students have complimentary access to the complete in-text addo program. Premium password-protected resources include the complete SAM audio program, the complete wideo program, grammar tutorials and more! ILm Heinle Learning Center A comprehensive course management system complete audio and video-enhanced eBook, eSAM, diagnostic tools for students, ..., and more!

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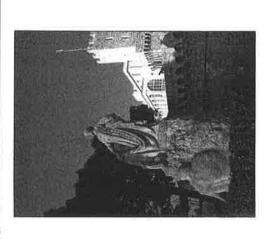
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Do you have a gift for languages?

Have you ever heard people say that they know someone who has a gift for languages? What does that mean? Are some people born with a special ability to learn languages! How do you know if you have a gift for languages? If you understood the sentence you just read, then you have a gift for languages. After all, you have already learned to speak and understand at least one language well—English. Everybody is born with a natural ability to learn languages, but some individuals seem to learn languages, but others do. This is because, over time, we develop different learning styles.

The process individuals use to learn languages depends a great deal on their personality. As with any other process, such as learning a new computer program or writing a composition for English class, individuals can attain similar results, although they approach the task differently. Some language learners like to plan each step before beginning. Others prefer to jump in as soon as they know enough to get seared, and continue from there using a hit-or-miss method. Some language learners like to understand in detrail why a language works the way it does before they try to use it, whereas others are ready to try speaking as soon as they know only the most basic nutties, making educated guesses about how to express

Both methods have advantages and disadvantages, Some people become so begged down in details that they lose sight of their main purpose—communication. Others pay so little actention to details that what they say is unintelligible. No marter what sort of learner you are, the most important part of the language-learning process is to constantly try to use the language to express yourself. Always alternate study of vocabulary and structures with attempts to communicate.

Since you now know that you have a gift for languages, you might think of the following pages as a user's manual that usugerss thou tous your language-learning capacity to learn Fercial efficiently. Some of the learning echliniques will work for you, others may not fit your learning style. Read through the following there sections before beginning your Fernah mudies, and refer to them later to develop the language-learning process that works bear for your

- Goals and expectations: How much French should you expect to learn in your first year of study and how much time and effort will be required of you?
 - * Mativation: How do you motivate yourself to study and practice the language?
- Learning techniques: What are some study tips that will facilitate learning French?

Goals and Expectations

Who can learn a language?

Many people believe that, as an adult, you cannot learn a language as well as you might have when you were a child. It is true that children are good language learners, but there is no reason why adults cannot learn to speak a language with earnative fluency. Children learn languages well because they can adapt very easily and they do it willingly. Being able to adapt is very important in language learning. Children are not afraid to try something new, and they are not easily mbarassed if things do not turn out as they expect. Adults, on the other hand, are often afraid of doing something wrong or looking ridiculous. Don't be afraid to experiment, using what you already know to guess at how to express yourself in French. It does no harm if you try to say something and you do not get the expected response, just riv again.

By the time people become adults, they generally learn by analyzing, rather than by duing. They have also grown so accusionment to their own way of doing things that they are refluctant to change. Similarly, adult language learners often fet that the way English works is the natural way. They try to force the languages when in a variety of ways, all equally natural. Each languages when in a variety of ways, all equally natural. Learn to accept that the French way of doing things is just as natural and valid as the English way.

and their longer attention spans. Your ability to develop fluency during this time they are often distracted by many other aspects several advantages over children, such as their ability to organiza their principal objective in life. Most adults, on the other hand, nothing but learning the language. Learning to communicate is in French depends mainly on three things: the amount of time spend almost every hour they are awake for several years doing Jeam languages is that children spend a lot more time focused of their lives. In a classtoom setting where small children have contact with a foreign language for just a few hours per week, on what they are doing. When children learn languages, they children do not learn better than adults. In fact, adults have you spend with the language, how focused you are, and how spend just a few hours a week studying a new language, and Another difference in the way that children and adults willing you are to try to communicate using it.

How well will you speak after a year?

Those of you who are new to foreign language study probably have a variety of ideas about what you will be doing in this course. Reople who become fustrated in foreign language study generally do so because they start off which the wrong expectations. Some do so because they start off which the wrong expectations. Some is people begin a foreign language course with a negative actitude, thinking that it is impossible to really learn a language without

R