

# ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY GENERAL STUDIES COURSE PROPOSAL COVER FORM

Course :		ation: <u>t</u> course informa	ution from Clas	rs Sparch/i	Course Cataloa			
Academi			Philosophica		<u>-</u>	History		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Subject	HST	Number	316	Title	20 <sup>th</sup> -Century U.S. Foreign	ı Relations	Units:	3
	cross-liste ease ident	d course? ify course(s)	No					<u>-</u>
	shared cou lescription		Yes	If so	, list all academic units of	fering this course	SLS	
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	nt numbei				he university's review and contact <u>Phyllis.Lucie@asu</u>		u.edu.	
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		Effective Date		2014	For Sprin	g 2016 Effective Date:	March 19, 2	2015
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Rev. 1/94, 4/95, 7/98, 4/00, 1/02, 10/08, 11/11/ 12/11, 7/12, 5/14

### Arizona State University Criteria Checklist for

### SOCIAL-BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES [SB]

### Rationale and Objectives

Social-behavioral sciences use distinctive scientific methods of inquiry and generate empirical knowledge about human behavior, within society and across cultural groups. Courses in this area address the challenge of understanding the diverse natures of individuals and cultural groups who live together in a complex and evolving world.

In both private and public sectors, people rely on social scientific findings to consider and assess the social consequences of both large-scale and group economic, technological, scientific, political, ecological and cultural change. Social scientists' observations about human interactions with the broader society and their unique perspectives on human events make an important contribution to civic dialogue.

Courses proposed for a General Studies designation in the Social-Behavioral Sciences area must demonstrate emphases on: (1) social scientific theories, perspectives and principles, (2) the use of social-behavioral methods to acquire knowledge about cultural or social events and processes, and (3) the impact of social scientific understanding on the world.

Revised April 2014

Proposer: Please complete the following section and attach appropriate documentation.

inda vären Ich Cauca Kolomika	ASU[SB] CRITERIA							
A SO	A SOCIAL-BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES [SB] course should meet all of the following criteria. If not, a rationale for exclusion should be provided.							
YES	NO		Identify Documentation Submitted					
		Course is designed to advance basic understanding and knowledge about human interaction.	Syllabus					
$\boxtimes$		Course content emphasizes the study of social behavior such as that found in:     ANTHROPOLOGY     ECONOMICS     CULTURAL GEOGRAPHY     HISTORY	Syllabus					
		3. Course emphasizes:  a. the distinct knowledge base of the social and behavioral sciences (e.g., sociological anthropological).  OR  b. the distinct methods of inquiry of the social and behavioral sciences (e.g., ethnography, historical analysis).	Syllabus					
		Course illustrates use of social and behavioral science perspectives and data.	Syllabus					
		THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF COURSES ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE [SB] AREA EVEN THOUGH THEY MIGHT GIVE SOME CONSIDERATION TO SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE CONCERNS:						
		Courses with primarily arts, humanities, literary or philosophical content.						
		Courses with primarily natural or physical science content.						
		Courses with predominantly applied orientation for professional skills or training purposes.						
		Courses emphasizing primarily oral, quantitative, or written skills.						

Course Prefix	Number	Title	General Studies Designation
HST	316	American Foreign Relations	

Explain in detail which student activities correspond to the specific designation criteria. Please use the following organizer to explain how the criteria are being met.

Criteria (from checksheet)	How course meets spirit (contextualize specific examples in next column)	Please provide detailed evidence of how course meets criteria (i.e., where in syllabus)
Human	The whole course is about	For example, one of books used, The Death
interaction	interaction between people of	of Eduardo Gutierrez talks about immigration
	different nation states and cultures	from Mexico to the United States and
	at a global and local levels.	focuses on migration, economics, and
		cultural interchanges on a human level.
Social	The course is about social	For example, the book, War Without Mercy
Behavior in	interactions and societies often in	looks at race and how it shaped the
History	conflict over resources.	interactions between the United States and
		Japan during World War II. It looks at macro
		and micro issues of race on both sides of the
		Pacific.
distinct	The course relies heavily on	The book, Fighting for American Manhood
methods of	historical methodologies but also	employs a heavy emphasis on gender and
inquiry	incorporates other fields including	how it shaped U.S. reactions to the wars in
	race and gender studies	the Philippines and Cuba. This form of
		analysis is employed throughout the course
		in lectures, assignments, and discussions.
Social or	The course relies heavily on social	-The course relies heavily on readings
behaviorial	science models of the study of	strongly influenced by political science,
science	international relations.	especially the field of international relations.
		One of the co-authors of the text is Garry
		Clifford, a political scientist at the University
	•	of Connecticut who uses models in the
		narrative of issues such as the Cuban Missile
		Crisis.

HST 316 20th-Century U.S. Foreign Relations

3 SB & G & H

U.S. relations with foreign powers from the late 19th century to the present.

Allow multiple

**Primary course** 

enrollments: No

component: Lecture

Repeatable for credit: No

Grading method: Student Option

Offered by:

College of Letters and Sciences -- College of Letters and Sciences

Prerequisite(s): ENG 102, 105 or 108 with C or better; minimum 30 hours

College of Liberal Arts and Sciences -- Historical, Philosophical & Religious Studies,

Sch

Pre-requisites: ENG 102, 105 or 108 with C or better; minimum 30 hours

# HISTORY 316: U.S. FOREIGN RELATIONS IN THE TWENTIETH CENTURY AND BEYOND

Coor Office Building, Room L1-20

Lectures: Tuesday and Thursday, 9-10:30

Professor Kyle Longley Snell Family Dean's Distinguished Professor Professor of History Coor Office Building 4510, Phone: 965-3524

e-mail: Kyle.Longley@asu.edu Website: http://www.public.asu.edu/~longley

Office Hours: 10:30-12:30 Tuesday, and by appointment.

### Course Objective for Fall 2008

This course is an introduction to major topics in U.S. foreign relations in the twentieth century and beyond. It will cover the main themes of the period, emphasizing the domestic and international context in which the United States rose to world power status, dominating social, cultural, economic and political relations in the post-World War I era. The class will stress commercial and territorial expansion and the rise of U.S. interventionism in the non-industrialized world, emphasizing the interplay between the United States and other core powers, primarily Great Britain, France, Japan, the Soviet Union, and Germany. The goal of the class is to teach you about modern U.S. foreign relations and to help you develop a basic mastery of the important historical themes, events, and personalities, and simultaneously challenge you to improve your analytical skills in both the classroom and on written assignments.

### Texts

- 1. Thomas Paterson, et. al., American Foreign Relations: A History, vol. 2, sixth edition (2005)
- 2. Thomas Paterson and Dennis Merrill, <u>Major Problems in American Foreign Relations: Since</u> 1914, vol. 2., sixth edition (2005)
- 3. Kristin Hoganson, Fighting for American Manhood: How Gender Politics Provoked the Spanish-American and Philippine American War (2000).
- 4. John Dower, War Without Mercy: Race and Power in the Pacific War (1987)
- 5. Troung Nhu Tang, Viet Cong Memoir (1986)
- 6. Jimmy Breslin, The Short Sweet Dream of Eduardo Gutierrez (2003)

### Assignments

Your grade will be determined by your performance on a number of assignments. You will write two short papers (3-4 pages) on Hoganson and Dower. You will have a midterm examination and comprehensive final examination that will include questions from lectures, the text, and additional readings. You will have a group project, one ultimately that will require an extensive Power Point presentation (more on details to come) that will become a class designed website. Finally, a discussion grade will be determined by classroom participation and quizzes. Your

wear it there, not in class. You will be given a warning and should it happen again, you will be asked to leave and an absence added to your record.

Finally, you should not record the lectures and discussions without permission. The lectures are copyrighted by the professor and are not for the use of others. Only those with special needs will be allowed to tape any in class comments.

Attendance: Attendance is mandatory. Studies demonstrate that there is a direct correlation between attendance and performance, and I cannot teach you if you do not attend class. I promise to try to make the class worth your time and help you toward developing needed skills for historical and general skills in any profession. As a result, after two unexcused absences (the equivalent of a week of classes) the students will lose ten points for each for additional absence. In addition, I encourage you to be to class on time. If you are not here at the time that the roll is taken without a legitimate excuse, you are considered absent.

Participation Grade: Approximately 20% of your grade will be determined by your participation in the class. Since I rely heavily on a Socratic method, which emphasizes question and answer, I encourage you to come to class prepared to talk about the materials assigned for that day. To promote your reading and preparation, I will administer quizzes over the assigned materials during the semester.

Plagiarism and Cheating: You will receive all the help you need to succeed in this course. Submitting work that is not your own will not be tolerated. Plagiarism and cheating in any form (please refer to your student handbook if you are unclear on the definition of either) will result in failure in the course as well as any other disciplinary action that can be taken through appropriate university channels.

### Tentative Daily Schedule

Tuesday, August 26	Introduction
Thursday, August 28	Patterns of Analysis in U.S. Foreign Relations, Paterson
	and Merrill, Major Problems, 2-32.
Tuesday, September 2	The United States in the World at the End of the 19 <sup>th</sup>
	Century, Paterson, et. al, American Foreign Relations, 1-
	32.
Thursday, September 4	The Era of the Warrior and the Priest, Paterson, et. al,
	American Foreign Relations, 33-66. (Short Paper on
·	Hoganson due at the beginning of class).
Tuesday, September 9	The Road to World War I, Paterson, et. al, American
	Foreign Relations, 67-82; Paterson and Merrill, Major
	Problems, 35-36.
Thursday, September 11	Politics of World War I and Versailles, Paterson, et. al,
	American Foreign Relations, 82-105, Paterson and Merrill,
	Major Problems, 36-70.
Tuesday, September 16	The Return to Normalcy, Paterson, et. al., American
	Foreign Relations, 110-125, 139-147, 151-160; Paterson
	and Merrill, Major Problems, 73-110.
Thursday, September 18	The Return to Normalcy continued and The Great

Tuesday, November 25 Thursday, November 27 Thursday, December 2 Tuesday, December 9 Thursday, December 11 catch up day
Thanksgiving Holiday
The 21<sup>st</sup> Century
Review Day
Final Exam, 7:30-9:30 am

RACE AND POWER IN THE PACIFIC WAR

PANTHEON BOOKS N E W Y O R K

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# PRFFACE

Some five years ago, while drafting the opening chapter to a pro jected book about the occupation of Japan that followed World War Two I found myself mentioning in passing the race hates and merciless fighting that had been so conspicuous in the war in Asia and the Pacific. One o the impressive features of the occupation, after all, was that the defeated Japanese and victorious Allies, predominantly Americans, worked to gether so amicably and constructively. War-crimes trials were conducted after Japan's surrender; reports of wartime atrocities preoccupied journal ists and jurists for many months; and there was hardly a corner of Japanese society that was not subjected to critical scrutiny. The war hates them selves, however, seemed to disappear almost overnight—so quickly, it fact, that they are easily forgotten now.

In a world that continues to experience so much violence and racia hatred, such a dramatic transformation from bitter enmity to genuine cooperation is heartening, and thus the fading memories of the war pose a paradox. It is fortunate that people on all sides can put such a terrible conflict behind them, but dangerous to forget how easily war came about between Japan and the Western Allies, and how extraordinarily fierce and Manichaean it was. We can never hope to understand the nature of World War Two in Asia, or international and interracial conflict in general, if we fail to work constantly at correcting and re-creating the historical memory. At a more modest level, the significance of the occupation of Japan and postwar rapprochement between the Japanese and their

# Lous of Louis

# Sweet Press

Gutiérrez





WITH DAVID CHANOFF AND DOAN VAN TOAI



VINTAGE BOOKS
A DIVISION OF RANDOM HOUSE NEW YORK

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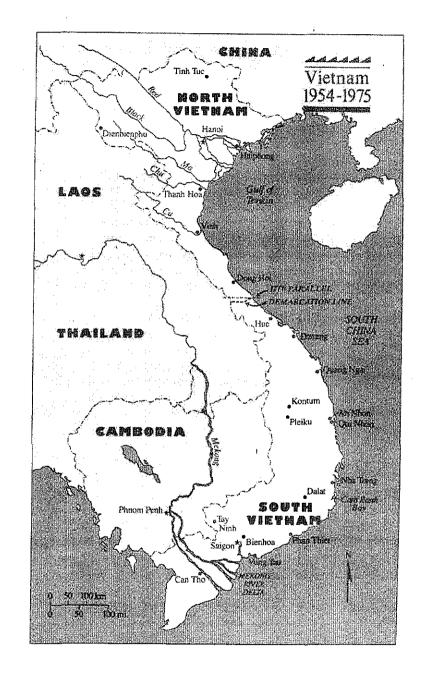
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### AJOR PROBLEMS IN AMERICAN HISTORY SERIES

ENERAL EDITOR

IOMAS G. PATERSON

# Major Problems in American Foreign Relations



DOCUMENTS AND ESSAYS

CONCISE EDITION

EDITED BY

DENNIS MERRILL

UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI-KANSAS CITY

THOMAS G. PATERSON UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT

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A History • Since 1895

SIXTH EDITION

Thomas G. Paterson

J. Garry Clifford

Shane J. Maddock

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