October 29, 2008

TO: The General Studies Council
FROM: Nicholas Alozie  
Head, Social and Behavioral Sciences
RE: STS Courses Submitted for General Studies Review

Earlier this year the ABOR approved the B.S. degree program in Science, Technology, and Society for the Polytechnic campus (see attached memorandum from Provost Capaldi). Science, Technology, and Society (STS) is a social science discipline that investigates the interrelationship of science/technology and human systems. Typically, issues concerning the impact of science/technology on globalization, reproductive technology and human values, information technology and human relations, and science/technology and public policy and governance all come under the general domain of studies in STS. All of the STS courses included in this review are required to support this new degree program. These courses have all gone through the ACRES process and have received final approval (see attached front sheet from ACRES).
March 28, 2008

TO: David Schwalm, Dean
School of Applied Arts and Sciences

FROM: Elizabeth D. Capaldi
Executive Vice President and Provost of the University

SUBJECT: B.S. in Science, Technology, and Society

This is to notify you that on March 25, 2008, the Academic Affairs Committee of the Board of Regents approved the request for authorization to implement the B.S. in Science, Technology, and Society.

You may proceed to implement the proposal effective immediately. The following plan code has been established in OASIS, effective fall 2008: ECSTSBS

XC: Maria Allison
Bridget Allcott
Jill Andrews
Nancy Dickson
Melinda Gebel
Jennifer Glawson
Heather Hoffart
Cecilia Hook
Glenn Irvin
Nancy Kiernan
Phyllis Lucie
Linda Pedersen
Julie Ramsden
Adrian Sannier
Gini Sater
David Young
Nicholas Alozie
Lisa Frank

EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT AND PROVOST OF THE UNIVERSITY
FULTON CENTER, SUITE 420
300 EAST UNIVERSITY DRIVE
PO BOX 877805, TEMPE, AZ 85287-7805
(480) 965-1224 FAX: (480) 965-0785
betty.capaldi@asu.edu
New Course Curriculum Form  
Arizona State University  
E STS 329 Cultivating Technology in Newly Industrializing Countries 3.0 - Spring 2009 | CL: None  
Originator: Silvia Llamas-Flores  
Status: Approved  
Department: Social and Behavioral Sciences (Polytechnic) 
Date Created: 05/08/2008  
Submitted: 05/14/2008  
Completed: 10/20/2008  
To ACETS:

Campus:  E  
College: Applied Arts and Sciences  
Subject: STS  
Number: 329  
Title: Cultivating Technology in Newly Industrializing Countries  
Abbreviated title: Cultiv Tech in New Ind Ctry  
Semester hours: 3.0  
Effective semester: - Spring  
Summer  
justification: 
Effective year: 2009  
Catalog Covers specific issues relating to building technological capability in Newly-industrializing Countries.  
Primary component: Lecture  
Graded component: Same as primary component  
Additional component(s):  
Optional component(s):  
Cross-listing: | CL: None  
Cross-listed course (s):  
Enrollment Requirements?: Yes  
Prerequisite(s): STS 101, 301 or instructor approval  
Conditional prerequisite(s):  
Corequisite(s):  
Pre-/corequisite(s):  
Repeat for credit: No  
Total hours allowed:  
Total completions allowed:  
Multiple
ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY EAST/TEMPE CAMPUS

GENERAL STUDIES PROGRAM COURSE PROPOSAL COVER FORM

Courses submitted to the GSC between 2/1 and 4/30 if approved, will be effective the following Spring.

Courses submitted between 5/1 and 1/31 if approved, will be effective the following Fall.

(SUBMISSION VIA ADOBE.PDF FILES IS PREFERRED)

DATE 10/31/2008

1. ACADEMIC UNIT: ASUP SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES

2. COURSE PROPOSED: STS 329 Cultivating Technlgy in Newly Indus Countries (3)

3. CONTACT PERSON: Name: Sherrie Loomis Phone: 480/727-1984

Mail Code: 0180 E-Mail: sherrie.loomis@asu.edu

4. ELIGIBILITY: New courses must be approved by the Tempe Campus Curriculum Subcommittee and must have a regular course number. For the rules governing approval of omnibus courses, contact the General Studies Program Office at 965-0739.

5. AREA(S) PROPOSED COURSE WILL SERVE. A single course may be proposed for more than one core or awareness area. A course may satisfy a core area requirement and more than one awareness area requirements concurrently, but may not satisfy requirements in two core areas simultaneously, even if approved for those areas. With departmental consent, an approved General Studies course may be counted toward both the General Studies requirement and the major program of study.

   Core Areas
   Literacy and Critical Inquiry—L
   Mathematical Studies—MA CS
   Humanities and Fine Arts—HU
   Social and Behavioral Sciences—SB
   Natural Sciences—SQ SG

   Awareness Areas
   Global Awareness—G
   Historical Awareness—H
   Cultural Diversity in the United States—C
   (Note: one course per form)

6. DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED.
   (1) Course Description
   (2) Course Syllabus
   (3) Criteria Checklist for the area
   (4) Table of Contents from the textbook used, if available

7. In the space provided below (or on a separate sheet), please also provide a description of how the course meets the specific criteria in the area for which the course is being proposed.

   CROSS-LISTED COURSES: ☒ No ☐ Yes; Please identify courses:

   Is this a multisection course?: ☒ No ☐ Yes; Is it governed by a common syllabus?

   NICHOLAS ALOZIE
   Chair/Director (Print or Type)

   Date: 10/29/2008

   NICHOLAS ALOZIE
   Chair/Director (Signature)
**Syllabus**

Arizona State University Polytechnic Campus  
School of Applied Arts and Sciences  
Social and Behavioral Sciences

**STS 329 Cultivating Technology in Newly Industrializing Countries**

Fall, 2008  
Schedule Line Number:

**Satisfies General Studies:**

Venue: Santa Catalina Hall 133  
Time: 2:00PM – 3:15PM  
Days: Monday and Wednesday  
Professor: Dr. Nicholas Alozie  
Office: Santa Catalina (SANCA) 252M  
Tel.: (480) 727-1395  
E-Mail: Alozie@asu.edu

Class Format: Lecture/Discussion  
Office Hours: Mondays & Wednesdays  
12:00pm-1:30pm, and by appointment.

**Course Description:**

This course focuses on cultivating modern *industrial* technological capacity in developing countries. It covers specific issues relating to building technological capability in Newly-Industrializing Countries. Areas of study include: the concept of technology leader and technology follower environments; the transfer of technology from "leader" countries – "traditional", revised and new perspectives on why and how it happens, how and when it is successful, and who benefits from it; technological capability - the role of public and private sector R&D, indigenous technology learning and creating capability - the role of imports of technology; building human capital for technological capability; cultural factors affecting the form that technological effort takes and their success; the role of small firms and new enterprises in building technological capability.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

At the end of the course, students are expected to:

- Understand important economic issues of concern in newly industrializing countries.  
- Understand the historical connections between technology and industrialization.  
- Understand the broad global discourse on technology innovation, acceptance and usage.  
- Understand the role of technology in promoting (or hindering) socioeconomic growth in newly industrializing countries.  
- Develop critical analytical skills in interrogating the notion of “technology transfer.”
• Recognize the nuances and complexities of socioeconomic processes in countries outside the United States.

**Required Materials:**

2. Landau, Ralph and Nathan Rosenberg, eds. (1986). *The Positive Sum Strategy: Harnessing Technology for Economic Growth*. National Academy of Sciences. (A copy of this book will be reserved at the Polytechnic library. Students do not, therefore, need to buy this book since we’ll be reading only three chapters from it.)
3. Relevant journal articles (available online). These additional readings are listed in the weekly course schedule that follows below.

**Course Grading**

There are three mid-term exams, as well as the final exam. The final course grade will be the product of these exams and class participation (assessed through students’ attendance and quality of their contributions during class discussions):

**Grading Distribution:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class Participation</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid-Term Exams</td>
<td>60% (20% each)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exam</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Grading Scale:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Score Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>80 - 89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>70 - 79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>60 - 69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>59 or less</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Incomplete Grades:**

A course grade of “Incomplete” will be given only in extreme situations because the sad story is that most students who request incomples never finish the course. Please visit [http://www.asu.edu/registrar/forms/regforms.html](http://www.asu.edu/registrar/forms/regforms.html) under the Academic Record Forms section for the Incomplete Grade Request form, which is available in both Word and as a PDF. The form must be completed by the student, signed by the student, the instructor, and the department chair or school director. The completed form must be filed with Janice Frangella (Santa Catalina Hall, Room 233V) before the grade of "I" is given.
Student Conduct

Students are required to adhere to the behavior standards listed in Arizona Board of Regents Policy Manual Chapter V – Campus and Student Affairs: Code of Conduct (http://www.abor.asu.edu/1_the_regents/policymanual/chap5/chapter_v.htm#C.%20CODE%20OF%20CONDUCT), ACD 125: Computer, Internet, and Electronic Communications (http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/acd/acd125.html), and the ASU Student Academic Integrity Policy (http://www.asu.edu/studentaffairs/studentlife/judicial/academic_integrity.htm).

Students are entitled to receive instruction free from interference by other members of the class. If a student is disruptive, an instructor may ask the student to stop the disruptive behavior and warn the student that such disruptive behavior can result in withdrawal from the course. An instructor may withdraw a student from a course when the student's behavior disrupts the educational process under USI 201-10 (http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/usii/usii201-10.html).

Accommodations for Disabilities

Accommodations for disabilities will be made according to the policy of Arizona State University in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. If you have concerns not addressed by these policies, reasonable accommodations may be made contingent upon circumstances and the approval of the instructors and administrators in the College of Education. For more details about ASU's Disability Resource Center, point your browser to http://www.asu.edu/studentaffairs/ed/drc/.

Student Support Services

Polytechnic campus site: http://www.poly.asu.edu/students/services/

The Writing Center at the Polytechnic Campus: The Polytechnic Writing Center offers tutoring services to all students on any sort of writing project. Writing tutors can help with any stage of the writing process, including choosing a topic, brainstorming, clarifying a thesis, organization of ideas or paragraphs, grammar, citation styles, and more. The Center is located in the Academic Center Building on the Lower Level and will be open for the Fall 2008 semester beginning Tuesday, September 2. Tutors' availability will be posted on our website at http://studentsuccess.asu.edu/polytechnic/writingschedule. Although walk-ins are accepted, it is strongly recommended that you make an appointment. Please call (480) 727-1452 to schedule an appointment. Online tutoring is also available if you cannot come in. Visit the Writing Center’s website (http://studentsuccess.asu.edu/polytechnic/writing) for more information.

ASU Libraries - offers 24/7 access to librarians through "Ask a Librarian" online chat and help by librarians in person at the Reference Desk during most hours the libraries are open. www.asu.edu/lib/
Polytechnic campus link: http://library.poly.asu.edu/

Counseling and Consultation – provides confidential mental health and career counseling services for all ASU students. http://www.asu.edu/studentaffairs/counseling/
Polytechnic campus site (Student Counseling Services):  
http://www.poly.asu.edu/students/counseling/

**Student Success Centers** – the Student Success Center (SSC) on each ASU campus provides an array of support services that promote students’ academic success. The SSC supports classroom instruction by helping students become better learners and gain the confidence and skills to achieve their greatest possible academic success. http://studentsuccess.asu.edu/

The Student Success Center at the Polytechnic Campus provides a variety of support services that promote students’ academic success. The SSC’s programs help students to become better learners and to gain the confidence and skills to do well in their courses. At the Polytechnic campus, the SSC provides the following services FREE of charge to ASU students: (1) subject area tutoring, (2) writing tutoring for any writing assignment, (3) supplemental instruction for MAT 170 and CHM 113, (4) academic success workshops on topics like reading strategies and studying for exams, and (5) individual as well as group study space. For questions, please call (480) 727-1452 or stop by. For more information and for tutoring schedules, please visit our web site at http://studentsuccess.asu.edu/polytechnic. The SSC is located in the Academic Center Building (CNTR) on the Lower Level. To see a campus map, please visit http://www.asu.edu/map/pdf/asu_map_poly_2008.pdf.

**Career Services** – offers assistance to students in choosing a major, setting career goals, interviewing and job hunting strategies. http://career.asu.edu/  
Polytechnic campus site: http://www.poly.asu.edu/students/career/

**Student Financial Aid Office** – offers information and applications for student funding such as grants, loans, scholarships and student employment. www.asu.edu/fa/  
Polytechnic campus site: http://www.asu.edu/fa/ (same as general ASU site)

**Student Health and Wellness Center** – provides non-emergency medical health care to all ASU students regardless of insurance status. Most visits with a physician or nurse practitioner are free of charge, but fees will be incurred for x-rays, lab results, etc. www.asu.edu/health/  
Polytechnic campus site: http://www.poly.asu.edu/students/health/

**Student Recreational Center** – offers individual and group fitness opportunities, as well as information on nutrition and wellness, and massages. Use of the general facilities (weights, circuit training and cardio machines) are free, other services (yoga classes, massages) are fee-based. www.asu.edu/src/  
Polytechnic campus site: http://www.poly.asu.edu/pac/

**Student Legal Assistance** – provides legal advice and counsel free of charge to all ASU students in areas such as landlord-tenant law, credit reports and collection issues, taxability of scholarships and grants, etc. Notary service is also available at no charge.  
http://www.asu.edu/mu/legal/

**Help Wiki** – provides a frequently asked questions resource for technology users at ASU.  
http://wiki.asu.edu/help/
Information Technology on the Polytechnic campus: [http://www.poly.asu.edu/it/](http://www.poly.asu.edu/it/)

*EMPACT Crisis Hotline* – offers free 24-hour support for mental health crises. Call (480) 784-1500 in the Phoenix area, (866) 205-5229 for the toll-free number outside of Phoenix, and (480) 736-4949 for the sexual assault hotline. All services are free and confidential. [http://www.empact-spc.com/](http://www.empact-spc.com/)

### Class Schedule – Topical Outline:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reading</th>
<th>Assignment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Introduction; Course mechanics explained</td>
<td>Perry (1986) “Cultivating technological innovation.”</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The advantage of latecomers: Differences in technology, 1850 and 1950</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 1</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Indigenous technological capability: What is it?</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 2</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>What makes technology special?</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 3</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Innovation on the shop-floor: From process to product</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 4</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>National Innovation Systems; Infant-industry protection and learning</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 5</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Does technology policy matter? Miracle, myths, potential, performance; The Japanese experience and lessons for developing countries</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 6</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>From Policy to Management: The firm and innovation entrepreneurship in technology development</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 7</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Government Intervention and Technological Capability</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 8</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Building a Culture for Innovation in Followers Strategy and Technology</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 8</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Conclusions: Policies for Technology in an age of Liberalization Technology Strategy for Technology-followers</td>
<td>Forbes and Wield, Ch. 9</td>
<td>Class discussion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Final Examination**
Arizona State University Criteria Checklist for

SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES [SB]

Rationale and Objectives

The importance of the social and behavioral sciences is evident in both the increasing number of scientific inquiries into human behavior and the amount of attention paid to those inquiries. In both private and public sectors people rely on social scientific findings to assess the social consequences of large-scale economic, technological, scientific, and cultural changes.

Social scientists' observations about human behavior and their unique perspectives on human events make an important contribution to civic dialogue. Today, those insights are particularly crucial due to the growing economic and political interdependence among nations.

Courses proposed for General Studies designation in the Social and Behavioral Sciences area must demonstrate emphases on: (1) social scientific theories and principles, (2) the methods used to acquire knowledge about cultural or social events and processes, and (3) the impact of social scientific understanding on the world.
Proposer: Please complete the following section and attach appropriate documentation.

### ASU-[SB] CRITERIA

A SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE [SB] course should meet all of the following criteria. If not, a rationale for exclusion should be provided.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Identify Documentation Submitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1.</strong> Course is designed to advance basic understanding and knowledge about human interaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>2.</strong> Course content emphasizes the study of social behavior such as that found in:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- ANTHROPOLOGY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- ECONOMICS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- CULTURAL GEOGRAPHY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- HISTORY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>3.</strong> Course emphasizes:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a. the distinct knowledge base of the social and behavioral sciences (e.g., sociological anthropological).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>b. the distinct methods of inquiry of the social and behavioral sciences (e.g., ethnography, historical analysis).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>4.</strong> Course illustrates use of social and behavioral science perspectives and data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF COURSES ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE [SB] AREA EVEN THOUGH THEY MIGHT GIVE SOME CONSIDERATION TO SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE CONCERNS:

- Courses with primarily fine arts, humanities, literary, or philosophical content.
- Courses with primarily natural or physical science content.
- Courses with predominantly applied orientation for professional skills or training purposes.
- Courses emphasizing primarily oral, quantitative, or written skills.
Explain in detail which student activities correspond to the specific designation criteria. Please use the following organizer to explain how the criteria are being met.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria (from checksheet)</th>
<th>How course meets spirit (contextualize specific examples in next column)</th>
<th>Please provide detailed evidence of how course meets criteria (i.e., where in syllabus)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Course is designed to advance basic understanding and knowledge about human interaction and emphasizes the study of social behavior such as found in anthropology, economics, cultural geography, history, political science, social psychology, and sociology. | This course focuses on cultivating modern *industrial* technological capacity in developing countries. It covers specific issues relating to building technological capability in Newly-Industrializing Countries. Areas of study include: the concept of technology leader and technology follower environments; the transfer of technology from "leader" countries - "traditional", revised and new perspectives on why and how it happens, how and when it is successful, and who benefits from it; technological capability - the role of public and private sector R&D, indigenous technology learning and creating capability - the role of imports of technology; building human capital for technological capability; cultural factors affecting the form that technological effort takes and their success; the role of small firms and new enterprises in building technological capability. | The Syllabus: Course Learning Outcomes  
At the end of the course, students are expected to:  
  * Understand important economic issues of concern in newly industrializing countries.  
  * Understand the historical connections between technology and industrialization.  
  * Understand the broad global discourse on technology innovation, acceptance and usage.  
  * Understand the role of technology in promoting (or hindering) socioeconomic growth in newly industrializing countries.  
  * Develop critical analytical skills in interrogating the notion of “technology transfer.”  
  * Recognize the nuances and complexities of socioeconomic processes in countries outside the United States. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course emphasizes both the distinct knowledge of the social and behavioral sciences and the distinct methods of inquiry of the social and behavioral sciences.</th>
<th>As the topical outline shows, this course emphasizes both the distinct knowledge of the social and behavioral sciences and the distinct methods of inquiry of the social and behavioral sciences. It applies theories of international studies in explicating core social science material.</th>
<th>These topical outlines showcase classical social and behavioral sciences knowledge and methods of inquiry. These are applied to issues of technology and industrialization, industrialization and modernization, the north and south divide, indigenous technological development, and infant industry protectionism.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Course illustrates use of social and behavioral science perspectives and data.</td>
<td>The course relies on accumulated literature predicated upon practical and theoretical evidence. This literature focuses primarily on social and behavioral sciences material articulated in international economic relations.</td>
<td>On pages 5–6 of the syllabus, the course outline lays out the selected topics and their relevance to both core social science and international studies.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>