

#### GENERAL STUDIES COURSE PROPOSAL COVER FORM

<b>Course in</b> <i>Copy and</i>			informa	tion from <u>Class</u>	s Search/Cou	urse Catalog.			
College/School		College of Liberal Arts and Sciences			nces	Department/School	ent/School of Historical, Philosophical and Religious Studies		
Prefix:	HST /JST	Number:	304	Title:		European History (Exiles, n Jewish History)			
Course of	lescriptio	n:							
Is this a	cross-list	ed course?		No	If yes, ple	ease identify course(s):			
Is this a	shared co	urse?	-	No	If so, list	all academic units offering	g this cou	urse:	
designatio	n requested	. By submitting	this letter	r of support, the ch	air/director agr			ers the course is required for <u>each</u> ourse are aware of the General Si	
Is this a	<u>permane</u>	nt-number	ed cours	se with topics?	Ye	S			
If <u>yes</u> , ea	ch topic re	quires <u>an ind</u>	ividual s	submission, sepa	rate from othe	er topics.			
-				wioral Sciences each designation		Mandate	ory Revi	iew: Yes	
<b>Eligibili</b> omnibus	ty: Perma courses, co	nent numbere ontact <u>Phyllis</u>	ed course	es <b>must</b> have com asu.edu.		iversity's review and approva	al process.	. For the rules governing appr	oval of
		lines dates			10		1		
		urse will se		October 10, 20	19	For Spring 202	I Effectiv	ve Date: March 5, 2020	
awareness With depa program o	area requi rtmental co f study. It	rements conc onsent, an app	urrently, proved G ibility of	but may not satisfiend and studies co the chair/directo	sfy requirements ourse may be c	nts in two core areas simultan	neously, everal Studie	quirement and more than one even if approved for those area es requirement and the major ware of the General Studies	IS.
	0	eral studies	0						
-		ich the appro	1						
		al Inquiry co		<u>ses (L)</u>					
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				ations core cou	rses (CS)				
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-		ess courses (	(H)						
A complet	te propos	al should in	clude:						
It is respe	Criteria c Course c Sample s Copy of ctfully re	atalog descr syllabus for table of con <b>quested tha</b>	Genera iption the cour tents fro	l Studies design rse om the textbook	and list of r	requested equired readings/books nically with all files com	piled int	to one PDF.	
Name	Mariss	a Timmerm	an	E-mail	<u>M</u> arissa.R	R.Timmerman@asu.edu	Phon	ne 480-727-4029	
				: (Required)					
Chair/Dire		-	-	hard Amesbury			Date:	: 11/08/2019	
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Chair/Dire	ctor (Sign	nature):				$\rightarrow$			

#### Arizona State University Criteria Checklist for

#### SOCIAL-BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES [SB]

#### **Rationale and Objectives**

Social-behavioral sciences use distinctive scientific methods of inquiry and generate empirical knowledge about human behavior, within society and across cultural groups. Courses in this area address the challenge of understanding the diverse natures of individuals and cultural groups who live together in a complex and evolving world.

In both private and public sectors, people rely on social scientific findings to consider and assess the social consequences of both large-scale and group economic, technological, scientific, political, ecological and cultural change. Social scientists' observations about human interactions with the broader society and their unique perspectives on human events make an important contribution to civic dialogue.

Courses proposed for a General Studies designation in the Social-Behavioral Sciences area must demonstrate emphases on: (1) social scientific theories, perspectives and principles, (2) the use of social-behavioral methods to acquire knowledge about cultural or social events and processes, and (3) the impact of social scientific understanding on the world.

Revised April 2014

Proposer: Please complete the following section and attach appropriate documentation.

	ASU[SB] CRITERIA				
A SO	CIAL	t all of the following ovided.			
YES	NO		Identify Documentation Submitted		
$\square$		1. Course is designed to advance basic understanding and knowledge about human interaction.	Syllabus		
$\square$		<ul> <li>Course content emphasizes the study of social behavior such as that found in:</li> <li>ANTHROPOLOGY</li> <li>ECONOMICS</li> <li>CULTURAL GEOGRAPHY</li> <li>HISTORY</li> </ul>	Syllabus		
$\square$		<ul> <li>3. Course emphasizes:         <ul> <li>a. the distinct knowledge base of the social and behavioral sciences (e.g., sociological anthropological).</li> <li>OR</li> <li>b. the distinct methods of inquiry of the social and behavioral sciences (e.g., ethnography, historical analysis).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Syllabus		
		<b>4.</b> Course illustrates use of social and behavioral science perspectives and data.	Syllabus		
		THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF COURSES ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE [SB] AREA EVEN THOUGH THEY MIGHT GIVE SOME CONSIDERATION TO SOCIAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE CONCERNS:			
		<ul> <li>Courses with primarily arts, humanities, literary or philosophical content.</li> </ul>			
		• Courses with primarily natural or physical science content.			
		<ul> <li>Courses with predominantly applied orientation for professional skills or training purposes.</li> </ul>	-		
		• Courses emphasizing primarily oral, quantitative, or written skills.			

Course Prefix	Number	Title	General Studies Designation
HST/JST	304	Topics in European History: Exiles, Migrants, Refugees in Jewish History	H/SB

Explain in detail which student activities correspond to the specific designation criteria. Please use the following organizer to explain how the criteria are being met.

Criteria (from checksheet)	How course meets spirit (contextualize specific examples in next column)	Please provide detailed evidence of how course meets criteria (i.e., where in syllabus)
1	This course explores social history of various types of Jewish migrations in and out of Europe from the 1100s to the present: expulsions and refugee movements, economic migrations, sojourn, political exiles, return migrations, and domestic migrations from rural to urban areas, to name a few.History of migration is necessarily about relationships among people (family and hometown ties and networks). But most importantly, it is about ordinary women, men and children and their everyday experiences. The course poses questions about their agency or their ability to act to make a difference in their lives. Gender, race, and class are emphasized as critical in the process.	All modules are designed to meet this criteria (see syllabus). For example, modules 9-11 best illustrate how the course focuses on everyday experiences and decision-making of ordinary Jewish migrants. Module 9: THE GREAT DEPARTURE (1880s): WHY AND WHAT THEY LEFT Rebecca Kobrin, Jewish Bialystok and Its Diaspora, chapter 1, pp. 19-68 Module 10: JOURNEY Mary Antin, From Plotzk to Boston – whole book Module 11: LOWER EAST SIDE Diner, Hasia R. Lower East Side Memories: A Jewish Place in America. Chapter 1, pp. 17-51 Primary Source: "Life on New York's Lower East Side"" in Jacob Rader Marcus, ed. The Jew in the American World pp. 376-380 In-Class film excerpts: Hester Street
2	At its core, the course explores how migrants make their decisions. Why do they leave or stay? How do they choose their destination? How do they cope with challenges of travel and arrival in a new place. How do they integrate/assimilate/acculturate in a new society? How do state institutions (policies), economy (class), religion, family ties and gender, as well as ethnic relations affect/determine peoples' decisions?	See above and below.

3	This course uses the tools of social history to ask questions about the change in human behaviour in particular historical contexts. Social history is thus more interested in particularity of time and space than in patterns across time. As such, it helps students complement their knowledge of social scientific theories of behavioural patterns with new attention to particularities of context and change over time.	For example, modules 12-14 best illustrate how the course explores migrants' labor, race and gender as critical in their adaptation to new society of the Unites States at the end of the 19th and beginning of the 20th century. Module 12: LABOR: GARMENT INDUSTRY IN NEW YORK, PARIS Nancy Green, Ready-to-Wear, Ready-to- Work: A Century of Industry and Immigrants in Paris and New York, pp. 170-204
		Module 13: GENDER: MIGRANT WOMEN Paula Hyman, chap 3 "America, Freedom, and Assimilation" in Gender and Assimilation in Modern Jewish History: The Roles and Representation of Women, pp. 93-133 Primary Source: "Women Wage Workers" by Julia Richman in Paul Mendes Flohr and Yehuda Reinharz eds. The Jew in the Modern World, pp. 537- 539
		Module 14: RACE: THE PRICE OF WHITENESS Eric Goldstein, The Price of Whiteness: Jews, Race, and The American Identity, chapter 1-2, pp. 11-50
4	As a social history course, it does illustrate the uses of social historical data and perspectives: memoirs, oral history, correspondence, statistics, etc.	<ul> <li>Module 24-25 best illustrate the use of oral history and correspondence as social history sources.</li> <li>Module 24: DP CAMPS Grossman, Atina, Jews, Germans, and Allies: close encounters in occupied Germany (fragments)</li> <li>Primary source: Letters from DP camps (a couple of examples)</li> <li>Module 25: POSTWAR GLOBAL DISPLACEMENT DellaPergola, S. (2014). "Reflections on the Multinational Geography of Jews after World War II". In Reflections on the Multinational Geography of Jews after World War II. Leiden, The Netherlands: Primary source: Oral histories of Holocaust survivors (a couple of examples)</li> <li>Assignment 2 best illustrates how students</li> </ul>
		Assignment 2 best illustrates how students are asked to work with a typical social historical source: 2ND ASSIGNMENT (3-4-PAGE ESSAY ON FROM PLOTZK TO BOSTON):

	Historians base their reconstruction of the past from primary sources such as memoirs and autobiographies. In your essay, explain how the Mary Antin's memoir contributes to our understanding of the 19th century migrations. How does it help us understand, for example, strategies employed by migrants to cope with a departure, journey, a new country (or other themes of your choice)?
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## Dr. Anna Cichopek-Gajraj Office: Coor 4558 Office Hours: Tuesdays/Thursdays 4:30-5:30 PM and by appointment Email: Anna.Cichopek-Gajraj@asu.edu (checked Monday through Friday, 7:30 AM-6:00 PM)

## Credits: 3

## HST/JST 304: Exiles, Migrants, Refugees in Jewish History

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

In this social history course, we will discuss various types of Jewish *migrations* in and out of Europe: expulsions and refugee movements, economic migrations, sojourn, political exile, return migrations, and domestic migrations from rural to urban areas, to name a few. We will focus on a role of state institutions (policies), economy (class), religion, family ties and gender, as well as ethnic relations in engendering these migratory movements. We will start with the medieval expulsions from western Europe (including the Spanish expulsion of 1492) and early modern movements of European Jews. But we will spend most of the semester discussing Jewish migrations in the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. We will look at the transatlantic economic migrations from (and back to) Europe in the 19th century and the refugee crisis before and during WWII. We will also explore Zionism and multiple European aliyahs. We will end the course with post-Holocaust global journeys of Jewish survivors. Throughout the course, we will study ordinary Jews and their everyday experiences, with special emphasis on the lives of women. We will ask questions about their agency or their ability to act to make a difference in their lives.

# **LEARNING OUTCOMES:**

After completing this course you should be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge of Jewish migrations as a historical phenomenon which had causes and consequences and which changed in shifting contexts (social, political, and cultural conditions).
- Demonstrate familiarity with historical debates on and interpretations of various aspects of history of Jewish migrations.
- Identify and debate connections between the past and current events.
- Use a set of primary sources to interpret various aspects of the topic.
- Assemble evidence into short, coherent historical narratives and pose historical research questions on the subject matter.

# **REQUIRED TEXTS:**

To be purchased or <u>rented</u> in the Sun Devil bookstore or online. Also available on <u>reserve</u> at Hayden or as ASU e-book. All remaining texts will be available on Canvas in digital version.

1. Mary Antin, *From Plotzk to Boston* any paper edition or ASU e-book <u>https://heinonline-org.ezproxy1.lib.asu.edu/HOL/Page?handle=hein.immigration/plotson0001&id=1&collection=immigration&index=alpha/F\_immigration</u>

## **REQUIREMENTS** (weighted total):

Attendance	5%
Participation	10%
1 <sup>st</sup> Assignment (2-page essay on medieval period)	10%
2 <sup>nd</sup> Assignment (3-4-page essay on <i>From Plotzk to Boston</i> )	14%
3 <sup>rd</sup> Assignment (2-3-page analysis of <i>Price of Whiteness</i> )	12%
4 <sup>th</sup> Assignment (2-page analysis of the 1920s)	10%
5 <sup>th</sup> Assignment (2-page book review)	14%
6 <sup>th</sup> Assignment (7-8 page research paper)	25%

# **ATTENDANCE:**

This grade will be based on your **attendance and punctuality. Attendance** is **mandatory** but you may have TWO unexcused absences before your grade is affected. After that, each absence will incur a **reduction of 5 points of your attendance grade (out of 100 points)**. Your absence will be excused for <u>documented medical</u>, family, and work emergencies only. "Documented" means a doctor's or ER note, an obituary for a family member, a note from an employer, etc. I cannot excuse your absence based on an email.

Also, each time you arrive late or leave classroom early <u>without prior notification</u> your attendance grade will be reduced by **2 points**.

## **PARTICIPATION:**

This grade will be based on **your active and thoughtful participation in all discussions and strong evidence of reading all the assigned material.** You may participate <u>in class OR online</u> (discussion forum). Your contributions (in-class and online) will be evaluated based on **quality** rather than quantity – your comments must reflect your preparation for the class and **show evidence of thoughtful analysis of the assigned readings**. You will not receive an A for participation if you do not read the assigned readings. Your contributions in-class and online will **carry equal weight**.

Your **online contributions** must be at least **150 words** per question to count as participation. They must refer to the assigned readings so use quotations. To get 100 points per week, you need to answer **3 questions** minimum **per week.** Each online discussion forum will be open for **a week** only. For example, a discussion for the week Aug 27-29 will open on Tuesday Aug 27 at 7 AM and will close on Monday Sep 2 at 11:59 PM, and so on.

Recreational use of the internet during class is not permitted and will incur an automatic reduction of 10 points of your participation grade (out of 100 points) at the end of the semester.

## **ASSIGNMENTS:**

## 1<sup>ST</sup> ASSIGNMENT (2-PAGE ESSAY ON MEDIEVAL PERIOD):

Based on the course material thus far, identify minimum two big questions/themes that medieval and early modern history of Jewish migrations raises. What are the big questions that scholars of

these migrations ask? What are they interested in? What big themes do they point to? Use examples from the readings, both secondary and primary sources. Use quotations to illustrate your points. Use the assigned readings and your lecture notes.

# 2<sup>ND</sup> ASSIGNMENT (3-4-PAGE ESSAY ON *FROM PLOTZK TO BOSTON*):

Historians base their reconstruction of the past from primary sources such as memoirs and autobiographies. For this assignment, you are required to write about Mary Antin's *From Plotzk to Boston*. You must <u>analyze</u> the source - not just describe it. Do not write a mere summary or description of the experiences described in the memoir. In your essay, <u>explain</u> how the memoir contributes to our understanding of the 19th century migrations and what we learn from it. How does it help us understand, for example, strategies employed by migrants to cope with a departure, journey, a new country (or other themes of your choice). Use quotations from the memoir. Please note that <u>thesis/argument</u> is an answer to a question posed by an author. "A thesis is a statement that reflects what [an author] has concluded about the topic of [his/her book], based on a critical analysis and interpretation of the source materials [...] examined." [Rampolla, A Pocket Guide to Writing in History].

# 3<sup>RD</sup> ASSIGNMENT (2-3-PAGE ANALYSIS OF *PRICE OF WHITENESS*):

For this assignment, you are expected **to analyze the main argument** made by Eric Goldstein in his important book *The Price of Whiteness*. What question does Goldstein attempt to answer in the assigned chapters? What is his answer/answers? What sources does he use to prove his argument?

# 4<sup>TH</sup> ASSIGNMENT (2-PAGE ANALYSIS OF THE 1920S):

Answer the following question: how can the history of the 1920s immigration policies in the US help us understand contemporary political debates? What does this history illuminate in the contemporary situation? Or what would we not be able to grasp without the knowledge of the 1920s?

# 5<sup>TH</sup> ASSIGNMENT (2-PAGE BOOK REVIEW):

Go to a list of topics for your final research paper which will be posted ahead of time . Choose one. If none of the listed topics interests you, come up with your own and get my approval. Choose **a scholarly monograph** (a secondary, <u>NOT</u> a primary source) which you will use for your final research paper. Of course, you can choose a book which you will not use for your final research paper but that will mean more work for you as you will need to read an additional book by the end of the semester.

<u>A scholarly monograph</u> is a full-length peer reviewed book written by a single author/scholar (historian, sociologist, political scientist, social psychologist affiliated with a research institution) who uses methods and tools of his/her scholarly discipline. The book of your choice must have footnotes and bibliography. It is usually published by a university press (ex: Oxford Univ. Press).

If you use edited volume (with chapters by multiple authors), you need to read carefully at least three chapters and compare their quality.

PLEASE NOTE: Do not use this course's required books!

A review is not just a summary. It should consist of the following:

1) a short <u>summary</u> of the book,

2) information on the <u>thesis/argument</u> (=is an answer to a question posed by an author. "*A thesis is a statement that reflects what* [an author] *has concluded about the topic of* [his/her book], *based on a critical analysis and interpretation of the source materials* [...] *examined.*" [Rampolla, *A Pocket Guide to Writing in History*]. Argument is usually stated in an introduction and repeated in a conclusion of a book.

3) information on the <u>evidence</u> [=primary sources] used to support the thesis

4) evaluation of the book's strengths and weaknesses.

# 6<sup>TH</sup> ASSIGNMENT (7-8 PAGE RESEARCH PAPER):

Your final paper must be based on both <u>primary and secondary sources</u>. You need <u>minimum</u> **two primary sources**, **one scholarly monograph** (reviewed in the 3rd assignment), and **one more chapter/or article (could be textbook)**.

Your paper must have a <u>thesis/argument</u>. <u>Thesis</u> is an answer to a question posed in your paper. "A thesis is a statement that reflects what you have concluded about the topic of your paper, based on a critical analysis and interpretation of the source materials you have examined." [Rampolla, A Pocket Guide to Writing in History].

Organize your essay: introduction (introduce the thesis of your essay), main body of the text (examine your sources to support your thesis), conclusion (present your concluding remarks).

Topics and more details follow on Canvas.

**Details on formatting and rubrics for each assignment are available on Canvas.** Each assignment must include **footnotes** (detailed guidelines on how to use footnotes are posted here FOOTNOTES AND BIBLIOGRAPHY TEMPLATES CHICAGO MANUAL STYLE-4.pdf

# PROOFREAD your essay and check against the rubric below.

Remember to number each page (if included, cover page should NOT be numbered).

- Number of pages: varies, double-spaced
- Margins and fonts: 12 font Times New Roman, 1 inch margin

Here are some tips how to edit your own writing style: Writing Tips-4.pdf

For advice on how to write a history paper, please go to Rampolla Mary Lynn, *A Pocket Guide to Writing in History* or any other writing guidebook. You are also strongly advised to contact the ASU **Writing Center** at <u>http://studentsuccess.asu.edu/writingcenters</u>

It is critical that you start working on your paper as early as possible. As you start writing, the ideas will come. Writing is thinking! You are more than welcome to discuss the assignment with me and our Teaching Assistant.

Your grade will be based on your ability to formulate a logical narrative and to employ evidence from the readings. Papers will also be graded on style (clear and concise writing), grammar, and

proper academic presentation (format and organization of your paper). Sloppy writing and sloppy formatting will downgrade your paper considerably.

All assignments must be submitted on Canvas as WORD document. Only an electronic version will be required. It should be submitted through Canvas link on the due date (midnight 11:59 PM). Late assignments will be penalized 2 points if submitted within 2 hours of the deadline and 5 points for each day after that (including weekends), e.g., a 91 will be reduced to 89 within 2 hours and to 86 if submitted at any time between 2 AM and 11:59 PM following the deadline. 24 hours after the deadline, starting at 12:00 AM, the grade will be reduced to 79, and so on.

Notify the instructor BEFORE an assignment is due if an urgent situation arises (medical or family emergency) and the assignment will not be submitted on time. Published assignment due dates (Arizona Mountain Standard time) are firm. Please follow the appropriate University policies to request an <u>accommodation for religious practices</u> or to accommodate a missed assignment <u>due to University-sanctioned activities</u>

#### **GRADING SCALE:**

A+ 97-100 points	<b>B</b> + 87-89	<b>C</b> 70-75
A 94-96	<b>B</b> 84-86	<b>D</b> 60-69
<b>A-</b> 90-93	<b>B-</b> 80-83	<b>E</b> 59 and less (failing)
	<b>C</b> + 76-79	

## **GRADE APPEALS**

Grade disputes must first be addressed by discussing the situation with the instructor. If the dispute is not resolved with the Instructor, the student may appeal to the department chair per the University Policy for Student Appeal Procedures on Grades.

## YOU ARE EXPECTED TO:

- Attend the class regularly, arrive and leave classroom on time
- Read all the assigned readings: *I expect you to keep up with the readings and to think about the content before you come to class*
- Complete all the assignments on time
- Behave respectfully in class: do not talk with your neighbors, do not disturb others, turn off your cell phones

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** During all lectures, discussions, and movie showings the recreational *use of the internet* (web browsing, emailing, Facebook, etc.) *Is Not Permitted.* 

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** For video or audio recording of lectures, discussions, and movie showings *My Permission Is Required*.

## SUDENT CONDUCT AND ACADEMIC INTEGRITY:

Academic honesty is expected of all students in all examinations, papers, laboratory work, academic transactions and records. The possible sanctions include, but are not limited to, appropriate grade penalties, course failure (indicated on the transcript as a grade of E), course

failure due to academic dishonesty (indicated on the transcript as a grade of XE), loss of registration privileges, disqualification and dismissal. For more information, see <u>http://provost.asu.edu/academicintegrity</u>

Additionally, required behavior standards are listed in the <u>Student Code of Conduct and Student</u> <u>Disciplinary Procedures, Computer, Internet, and Electronic Communications policy</u>, and outlined by the <u>Office of Student Rights & Responsibilities</u>. Anyone in violation of these policies is subject to sanctions. <u>Students are entitled to receive instruction free from interference</u> by other members of the class. An instructor may withdraw a student from the course when the student's behavior disrupts the educational process per <u>Instructional Withdrawal of a Student for</u> <u>Disruptive Classroom Behavior</u>.

Appropriate behavior (also known as etiquette) is defined by the instructor and includes keeping course discussions focused on the assigned topics. Students must maintain a cordial atmosphere and use tact in expressing differences of opinion. Inappropriate discussion board posts may be deleted by the instructor.

The Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities accepts <u>incident reports</u> from students, faculty, staff, or other persons who believe that a student or a student organization may have violated the Student Code of Conduct.

# **PLAGIARISM:**

Unacceptable breaches of your obligation as a student include: submission of the same work or portions of the same work to more than one class, turning in work prepared by another person as if it were your own; and the unattributed use of text of any length from any source – even if you change a few words here and there. If you are unsure whether what you are doing is plagiarizing, ask me before you turn in the assignment. For a definition of plagiarism and ways to avoid it, please go to: <u>http://libguides.asu.edu/content.php?pid=122697&sid=1054432</u> ALL WORK SUBMITTED MUST BE YOUR OWN, PREPARED ESPECIALLY FOR THIS COURSE. PLAGIARISM IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED! THERE ARE <u>SEVERE</u> <u>AND AUTOMATIC</u> SANCTIONS FOR CHEATING INCLUDING BEING REPORTED TO THE ADMINISTRATION AND <u>FAILING THE ENTIRE CLASS</u> (GRADE E OR XE FOR THE COURSE). NO EXCEPTIONS WILL BE MADE.

## DROP AND ADD DATES/WITHDRAWALS

This course adheres to a compressed schedule and may be part of a sequenced program, therefore, there is a limited timeline to <u>drop or add the course</u>. Consult with your advisor and notify your instructor to add or drop this course. If you are considering a withdrawal, review the following ASU policies: <u>Withdrawal from Classes</u>, <u>Medical/Compassionate Withdrawal</u>, and a <u>Grade of Incomplete</u>.

# PROHIBITION OF COMMERCIAL NOTE TAKING SERVICES

In accordance with <u>ACD 304-06 Commercial Note Taking Services</u>, written permission must be secured from the official instructor of the class in order to sell the instructor's oral communication in the form of notes. Notes must have the Notetaker's name as well as the instructor's name, the course number, and the date.

## **COURSE EVALUATION**

Students are expected to complete the course evaluation. The feedback provides valuable information to the instructor and the college and is used to improve student learning. Students are notified when the online evaluation form is available.

## ACCESSIBILITY STATEMENT

In compliance with the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504, and the Americans with Disabilities Act as amended (ADAAA) of 2008, professional disability specialists and support staff at the Disability Resource Center (DRC) facilitate a comprehensive range of academic support services and accommodations for qualified students with disabilities.

<u>Qualified students with disabilities may be eligible to receive academic support services and</u> <u>accommodations</u>. Eligibility is based on qualifying disability documentation and assessment of individual need. Students who believe they have a current and essential need for disability accommodations are <u>responsible for requesting accommodations and providing qualifying</u> <u>documentation</u> to the DRC. Every effort is made to provide reasonable accommodations for qualified students with disabilities.

Qualified students who wish to request an accommodation for a disability should contact the DRC by going to <u>https://eoss.asu.edu/drc</u>, calling (480) 965-1234 or emailing DRC@asu.edu. To speak with a specific office, please use the following information:

ASU Online and Downtown Phoenix	Polytechnic Campus
Campus	480-727-1165 (voice)
University Center Building, Suite 160	
602-496-4321 (voice)	
West Campus	Tempe Campus
University Center Building (UCB), Room 130	480-965-1234 (voice)
602-543-8145 (voice)	

# SYLLABUS DISCLAIMER

The syllabus is a statement of intent and serves as an implicit agreement between the instructor and the student. Every effort will be made to avoid changing the course schedule but the possibility exists that unforeseen events will make syllabus changes necessary. Please remember to check your ASU email and the course site often.

#### SCHEDULE OF CLASSES All Readings are posted in Modules on Canvas.

## Module 1: EXILES, MIGRANTS, REFUGEES?

Brinkmann, Tobias, "Transnational Ties: The Longue Durée of Jewish Migrations to the United States", pp.**1-6** Christiane Harzig and Dirk Hoerder, with Donna Gabaccia, "Migration in Human History—the Long View," in What is Migration History? (Cambridge, UK: Polity, 2009), pp. **25-51** 

#### Module 2: EXPULSIONS OF THE MEDIEVAL PERIOD

Chazan, Robert. *Medieval stereotypes* chapter 1, pp. **1-18** <u>Primary Sources</u>: The Expulsion of the Jews from France

#### Module 3: EXPULSIONS FROM SPAIN/PORTUGAL

Jane Gerber, *The Jews of Spain: A History of The Sephardic Experience*, chap. 5 **115-144** <u>Primary Sources</u>: The Royal edict 1492, p. 30-33

#### Module 4: SEPHARDIC DIASPORA GUEST LECTURE BY PROF. STANLEY MIRVIS

Kaplan, Yosef. "Bom Judesmo: The Western Sephardic Diaspora." In David Biale ed., *Cultures of the Jews: A New History, pp.* **639-669**.

#### Module 5: EARLY MODERN "JEWS ON THE MOVE"

David Ruderman, "Jews on the Move", pp. 23-55

#### Module 6: MIGRATIONS TO THE AMERICAN COLONIES (1600s)

Hasia Diner, *The Jews of the United States*, chapter 1, pp. **13-40** <u>Primary Source</u>: Correspondence between Peter Stuyvesant and the West India Company in Jacob Rader Marcus, ed. *The Jew in the American World* pp. **29-33** 

#### Module 7: THE COMING OF THE "GERMANS"

S. Rohrbacher "A Nineteenth-Century German-Jewish Village on Its Way to the New World," in Jonathan Sarna ed., *American Jewish Experience*, pp. **44-58** <u>Primary Source</u>:

"The Coming of the Germans" in Jacob Rader Marcus, ed. *The Jew in the American World* part 3, chapter 23, pp. **191-195** 

#### **Module 8: PEDDLING**

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# From Plotzk to Boston

BY

MARY ANTIN

WITH A FOREWORD BY

ISRAEL ZANGWILL

BOSTON, MASS W. B. CLARKE & CO., PARK STREET CHURCH 1899

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#### FOREWORD

The "infant phenomenon" in literature is rarer than in more physical branches of art, but its productions are not likely to be of value outside the doting domestic circle. Even Pope who "lisped in numbers for the numbers came," did not add to our Anthology from his cradle, though he may therein have acquired his monotonous rocking-metre. Immaturity of mind and experience, so easily disguised on the stage or the music-stool-even by adults-is more obvious in the field of pure intellect. The contribution with which Mary Antin makes her début in letters is, however, saved from the emptiness of embryonic thinking by being a record of a real experience, the greatest of her life; her journey from Poland to Boston. Even so, and remarkable as her description is for a girl of eleven-for it was at this age that she first wrote the thing in Yiddish, though she was thirteen when she translated it into English-it would scarcely be worth publishing merely as a literary curiosity. But it happens to possess an extraneous value. For, despite the great wave of Russian immigration into the United States, and despite the noble spirit in which the Jews of America have grappled with the invasion, we still know too little of the inner feelings of the people themselves,

nor do we adequately realize what magic vision of free America lures them on to face the great journey to the other side of the world.

Mary Antin's vivid description of all she and her dear ones went through, enables us to see almost with our own eyes how the invasion of America appears to the impecunious invader. It is thus "a human document" of considerable value, as well as a promissory note of future perform-The quick senses of the child, her keen powers of ance. observation and introspection, her impressionability both to sensations and complex emotions-these are the very things out of which literature is made; the raw stuff of art. Her capacity to handle English-after so short a residence in America-shows that she possesses also the instrument of expression. More fortunate than the poet of the Ghetto, Morris Rosenfeld, she will have at her command the most popular language in the world, and she has already produced in it passages of true literature, especially in her impressionistic rendering of the sea and the bustling phantasmagoria of travel.

What will be her development no one can say precisely, and I would not presume either to predict or to direct it, for "the wind bloweth where it listeth." It will probably take lyrical shape. Like most modern Jewesses who have written, she is, I fear, destined to spiritual suffering: fortunately her work evidences a genial talent for enjoyment and a warm

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humanity which may serve to counterbalance the curse of reflectiveness. That she is growing, is evident from her own Introduction, written only the other day, with its touches of humor and more complex manipulation of groups of facts. But I have ventured to counsel delay rather than precipitatation in production-for she is not yet sixteen-and the completion of her education, physical no less than intellectual; and it is to this purpose that such profits as may accrue from this publication will be devoted. Let us hope this premature recognition of her potentialities will not injure their future flowering, and that her development will add to those spiritual and intellectual forces of which bighearted American Judaism stands sorely in need. I should explain in conclusion, that I have neither added nor subtracted, even a comma, and that I have no credit in "discovering" Mary Antin. I did but endorse the verdict of that kind and charming Boston household in which I had the pleasure of encountering the gifted Polish girl, and to a member of which this little volume is appropriately dedicated.

I. ZANGWILL.

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#### PREFATORY

In the year 1891, a mighty wave of the emigration movement swept over all parts of Russia, carrying with it a vast number of the Jewish population to the distant shores of the New World—from tyranny to democracy, from darkness to light, from bondage and persecution to freedom, justice and equality. But the great mass knew nothing of these things; they were going to the foreign world in hopes only of earning their bread and worshiping their God in peace. The different currents that directed the course of that wave cannot be here enumerated. Suffice it to say that its power was enormous. All over the land homes were broken up, families separated, lives completely altered, for a common end.

The emigration fever was at its height in Plotzk, my native town, in the central western part of Russia, on the Dvina River. "America" was in everybody's mouth. Business men talked of it over their accounts; the market women made up their quarrels that they might discuss it from stall to stall; people who had relatives in the famous land went around reading their letters for the enlightenment of less fortunate folks; the one letter-carrier informed the public how many letters arrived from America, and who were the recipients; children played at emigrating; old folks shook their sage heads over the evening fire, and prophesied no good for those who braved

the terrors of the sea and the foreign goal beyond it;all talked of it, but scarcely anybody knew one true fact For book-knowledge was not about this magic land. for them; and a few persons-they were a dressmaker's daughter, and a merchant with his two sons-who had returned from America after a long visit, happened to be endowed with extraordinary imagination, (a faculty closely related to their knowledge of their old countrymen's ignorance), and their descriptions of life across the ocean, given daily, for some months, to eager audiences, surpassed anything in the Arabian Nights. One sad fact threw a shadow over the splendor of the gold-paved, The travelers all agreed that Paradise-like fairyland. Jews lived there in the most shocking impiety.

Driven by a necessity for bettering the family circumstances, and by certain minor forces which cannot now be named, my father began to think seriously of casting his lot with the great stream of emigrants. Many family councils were held before it was agreed that the plan must be carried out. Then came the parting; for it was impossible for the whole family to go at once. I remember it, though I was only eight. It struck me as rather interesting to stand on the platform before the train, with a crowd of friends weeping in sympathy with us, and father waving his hat for our special benefit, and saying—the last words we heard him speak as the train moved off—

"Good-bye, Plotzk, forever!"

Then followed three long years of hope and doubt

for father in America and us in Russia. There were toil and suffering and waiting and anxiety for all. There were-but to tell of all that happened in those years I should have to write a separate history. The happy day came when we received the long-coveted summons. And what stirring times followed! The period of preparation was one of constant delight to us children. We were four-my two sisters, one brother and myself. Our playmates looked up to us in respectful admiration; neighbors, if they made no direct investigations, bribed us with nice things for information as to what was going into every box, package and basket. And the house was dismantled-people came and carried off the furniture; closets, sheds and other nooks were emptied of their contents; the great wood-pile was taken away until only a few logs remained; ancient treasures such as women are so loath to part with, and which mother had carried with her from a dear little house whence poverty had driven us, were brought to light from their hiding places, and sacrificed at the altar whose flames were consuming so much that was fraught with precious association and endeared by family tradition; the number of bundles and boxes increased daily, and our home vanished hourly; the rooms became quite uninhabitable at last, and we children glanced in glee, to the anger of the echoes, when we heard that in the evening we were to start upon our journey.

But we did not go till the next morning, and then as secretly as possible. For, despite the glowing tales con-

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cerning America, people flocked to the departure of emigrants much as they did to a funeral; to weep and lament while (in the former case only, I believe) they envied. As everybody in Plotzk knew us, and as the departure of a whole family was very rousing, we dared not brave the sympathetic presence of the whole township, that we knew we might expect. So we gave out a false alarm.

Even then there was half the population of Plotzk on hand the next morning. We were the heroes of the hour. I remember how the women crowded around mother, charging her to deliver messages to their relatives in America; how they made the air ring with their unintelligible chorus; how they showered down upon us scores of suggestions and admonitions; how they made us frantic with their sympathetic weeping and wringing of hands; how, finally, the ringing of the signal bell set them all talking faster and louder than ever, in desperate efforts to give the last bits of advice, deliver the last messages, and, to their credit let it be said, to give the final, hearty, unfeigned good-bye kisses, hugs and good wishes.

Well, we lived through three years of waiting, and also through a half hour of parting. Some of our relatives came near being carried off, as, heedless of the last bell, they lingered on in the car. But at last they, too, had to go, and we, the wanderers, could scarcely see the rainbow wave of colored handkerchiefs, as, dissolved in tears, we were carried out of Plotzk, away from home, but nearer our longed-for haven of reunion; nearer, indeed, to everything that makes life beautiful and gives one an aim and an end—freedom, progress, knowledge, light and truth, with their glorious host of followers. But we did not know it then.

The following pages contain the description of our journey, as I wrote it four years ago, when it was all fresh in my memory. M. A.

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