GENERAL STUDIES COURSE PROPOSAL COVER FORM

Course Information:
Copy and paste current course information from Class Search/Course Catalog.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>College/School</th>
<th>CLAS</th>
<th>Department/School</th>
<th>SILC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prefix: LAT/SLC Number: 358 Title: Saving the Roman Empire Units: 3</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course description:

Is this a cross-listed course? No  
If yes, please identify course(s):

Is this a shared course? No  
If so, list all academic units offering this course:

Note- For courses that are crosslisted and/or shared, a letter of support from the chair/director of each department that offers the course is required for each designation requested. By submitting this letter of support, the chair/director agrees to ensure that all faculty teaching the course are aware of the General Studies designation(s) and will teach the course in a manner that meets the criteria for each approved designation.

Is this a permanent-numbered course with topics? No  
If yes, each topic requires an individual submission, separate from other topics.

Requested designation: H  
Mandatory Review: No

Note- a separate proposal is required for each designation.

Eligibility: Permanent numbered courses must have completed the university’s review and approval process. For the rules governing approval of omnibus courses, contact Phyllis.Lucie@asu.edu.

Submission deadlines dates are as follow:  
For Fall 2020 Effective Date: October 10, 2019  
For Spring 2021 Effective Date: March 5, 2020

Area proposed course will serve:

A single course may be proposed for more than one core or awareness area. A course may satisfy a core area requirement and more than one awareness area requirements concurrently, but may not satisfy requirements in two core areas simultaneously, even if approved for those areas. With departmental consent, an approved General Studies course may be counted toward both the General Studies requirement and the major program of study. It is the responsibility of the chair/director to ensure that all faculty teaching the course are aware of the General Studies designation(s) and adhere to the above guidelines.

Checklists for general studies designations:

Complete and attach the appropriate checklist

- Literacy and Critical Inquiry core courses (L)
- Mathematics core courses (MA)
- Computer/statistics/quantitative applications core courses (CS)
- Humanities, Arts and Design core courses (HU)
- Social-Behavioral Sciences core courses (SB)
- Natural Sciences core courses (SQ/SG)
- Cultural Diversity in the United States courses (C)
- Global Awareness courses (G)
- Historical Awareness courses (H)

A complete proposal should include:

- Signed course proposal cover form
- Criteria checklist for General Studies designation being requested
- Course catalog description
- Sample syllabus for the course
- Copy of table of contents from the textbook and list of required readings/books

It is respectfully requested that proposals are submitted electronically with all files compiled into one PDF.

Contact information:

Name Britta Ager  
E-mail bager@asu.edu  
Phone 480-965-2833

Department Chair/Director approval: (Required)

Chair/Director name (Typed): Nina Berman  
Date: 2/22/22

Chair/Director (Signature): [Signature]

Rev. 4/2019
Arizona State University Criteria Checklist for

HISTORICAL AWARENESS [H]

**Rationale and Objectives**

Recent trends in higher education have called for the creation and development of historical consciousness in undergraduates now and in the future. History studies the growth and development of human society from a number of perspectives such as—political, social, economic and/or cultural. From one perspective, historical awareness is a valuable aid in the analysis of present-day problems because historical forces and traditions have created modern life and lie just beneath its surface. From a second perspective, the historical past is an indispensable source of identity and of values, which facilitate social harmony and cooperative effort. Along with this observation, it should be noted that historical study can produce intercultural understanding by tracing cultural differences to their origins in the past. A third perspective on the need for historical awareness is that knowledge of history helps us to learn from the past to make better, more well-informed decisions in the present and the future.

The requirement of a course that is historical in method and content presumes that "history" designates a sequence of past events or a narrative whose intent or effect is to represent both the relationship between events and change over time. The requirement also presumes that these are human events and that history includes all that has been felt, thought, imagined, said, and done by human beings. The opportunities for nurturing historical consciousness are nearly unlimited. History is present in the languages, art, music, literatures, philosophy, religion, and the natural sciences, as well as in the social science traditionally called History.

The justifications for how the course fits each of the criteria need to be clear both in the application tables and the course materials. The Historical Awareness designation requires consistent analysis of the broader historical context of past events and persons, of cause and effect, and of change over time. Providing intermittent, anecdotal historical context of people and events usually will not suffice to meet the Historical Awareness criteria. A Historical Awareness course will instead embed systematic historical analysis in the core of the syllabus, including readings and assignments. For courses focusing on the history of a field of study, the applicant needs to show both how the field of study is affected by political, social, economic, and/or cultural conditions AND how political, social, economic, and/or cultural conditions are affected by the field of study.

Revised October 2015
Proposer: Please complete the following section and attach appropriate documentation.

### ASU--[H] CRITERIA

**THE HISTORICAL AWARENESS [H] COURSE MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YES</th>
<th>NO</th>
<th>Identify Documentation Submitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✗</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>1. History is a major focus of the course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>2. The course examines and explains human development as a sequence of events influenced by a variety of factors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>3. There is a disciplined systematic examination of human institutions as they change over time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>4. The course examines the relationship among events, ideas, and artifacts and the broad social, political and economic context.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**THE FOLLOWING ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE:**

- Courses that are merely organized chronologically.
- Courses which are exclusively the history of a field of study or of a field of artistic or professional endeavor.
- Courses whose subject areas merely occurred in the past.
Historical Awareness [H]  
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Prefix</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>General Studies Designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SLC/LAT</td>
<td>358</td>
<td>Saving the Roman Empire</td>
<td>H</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Explain in detail which student activities correspond to the specific designation criteria. Please use the following organizer to explain how the criteria are being met.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria (from checksheet)</th>
<th>How course meets spirit (contextualize specific examples in next column)</th>
<th>Please provide detailed evidence of how course meets criteria (i.e., where in syllabus)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. History is a major focus of the course.</td>
<td>The course covers the decline and fall of the Roman Empire from 28 BCE (Augustus's assumption of tribunician powers) to CE 476 (the traditional date of the fall of the Western Roman Empire).</td>
<td>Throughout the syllabus; the course is organized chronologically, typically by Roman emperor or imperial dynasty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The course examines and explains human development as a sequence of events influenced by a variety of factors.</td>
<td>The course is not only organized sequentially but incorporates study of a number of factors that influence the development of the Roman Empire, from specific emperors and their agendas to the military, culture, learning, religion, legal, and non-imperial political factors.</td>
<td>Throughout the syllabus. I would especially point out the various days on culture (F 2/9, M 3/19, M 4/2, W 4/4); religion (W 2/28, M 3/19, M 4/2, W 4/4), specifically Christianity (F 2/23, F 3/16, M 3/26); law (M 3/19, F 3/23, W 3/28, M 4/9); political reforms (F 1/12, M 2/5, M 3/12, W 3/28); and the economy (M 2/26).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. There is a disciplined systematic examination of human institutions as they change over time.</td>
<td>The course broadly observes the changes in the Roman Empire over a 500-year period that ultimately led to the fall of the western empire. More specifically, it studies the effect of individual emperors and dynasties in areas such as political reform, religion, administration, etc.</td>
<td>Throughout the syllabus. I would especially point out that each class on an individual emperor or dynasty considers the changes wrought or symbolized by that emperor or dynasty. Additionally, Roman institutions are studied on the following dates: religion (F 2/23, W 2/28, F 3/16, M 3/19, M 3/26, M 4/2, W 4/4); the law (F 3/16, M 3/19, F 3/23, M 3/26); the economy (M 2/26); and general political reforms such as the division of the empire (F 1/12, M 2/5, M 3/12, W 3/28).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. The course examines the relationship among events, ideas, and artifacts and the broad social, political and economic</td>
<td>The course views events not just as linear, occurring sequentially, but also as simultaneous, so, for instance, changes in culture are viewed along with political changes and the influence between the two are considered.</td>
<td>Throughout the syllabus. Virtually every day has at least one primary source reading, the major artifacts studied in the course. These include the writings of contemporary historians, thinkers, and documents in the form of inscriptions. The syllabus also blances out movement through historical periods by emperor or dynasty with frequent discussions of non-political topics: e.g., a day on Constantine (W 3/14) is followed by a day on religion (F 3/16), which in turn is followed...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>context.</td>
<td></td>
<td>by a day on culture and law (M 3/19).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SLC/LAT 358 Course Catalog Description

Covers topics of immediate or special interest to a faculty member and students.
SLC 358: Saving the Roman Empire
Professor Britta Ager
bager@asu.edu
Office hours: MW 11:30 am – 1 pm

Spring C 2018, MWF 2-2:50 pm
Location: LL 102
Location: LL 172H

Course description
In his autobiographical epitaph, the *Res Gestae*, Augustus, founder of the Roman Empire, claimed to have restored Rome to her former glory. His moral, social, and political reforms solidified Roman control of the world and the imperial family’s hold on ruling her. Through the next five hundred years, as the power of the empire waned and waxed, Augustus’s successors turned time and again to reforming the empire and restoring her to her former glory—to saving the Roman Empire. In doing so they had to deal with problems both external and internal; sometimes their ideas worked, often they did not. Ultimately they failed, and Rome and the western empire fell in CE 476. This course examines the rise, decline, and fall of the Roman Empire from the perspective of internal and external problems the Empire faced, and asks which reforms worked, which did not work, and why. What could have been done differently? *Should* anything have been done differently, or was the western Roman Empire always doomed?

Prerequisite: ENG 101, 107, 105, or the equivalent.

Student learning outcomes
By the end of the course, students will be able to:

• demonstrate familiarity with the history of the rise, decline, and fall of the Roman Empire, and the historical and social trends that impacted the empire for better or worse
• assess historical, primary source evidence and place it within its social, cultural, and historical context
• evaluate the various attempts at reforming Roman politics and society during the empire, and analyze why they succeeded or failed
• compare and contrast different approaches towards reforming the Roman Empire
• consider the question of what else might have been done to preserve the Roman Empire

Required materials

• other primary and secondary source readings available on Canvas.
• a TurningPoint account (used with either a clicker, responseware.com, or the ResponseWare smartphone app).
Grading Scale

The grading scale for the course will be as follows:

- A+: 100 (A+'s are only given for natural 100s, before the addition of any extra credit that may be offered)
- A: 93-99
- A-: 90-92
- B+: 87-89
- B: 83-86
- B-: 80-82
- C+: 77-79
- C: 70-76
- D: 60-69
- E: below 60

Breakdown of the Final Grade
Your final grade will comprise the weighted total of the grades from the following categories.

- Midterm Exam: 10%
- Final Exam: 15%
- Attendance and Participation: 15%
- Short Paper (6-8 pages): 15%
- Final Paper (12-15 pages): 45% total
  - C1, C2, C3
  - Proposal: 5%
  - Outline: 5%
  - Draft: 10%
  - Class Presentation: 10%
  - Final version: 15%

Exams: There will be two exams, a midterm (M February 19, in class) and a final during the university exam period (M April 30, 2:30-4:20 pm, regular classroom). These will consist of IDs, primary source identification and analysis, and an essay.

Attendance and participation. As measured by the use of Turning Point software and a clicker.

Short Paper: Due at the end of the first half of the semester/spring break. Students will be presented with a set problem facing the Roman Empire through the Severan Dynasty, along with primary sources for the problem. After analysis of the sources, you will be asked to
propose in some detail three possible solutions for the problem, and explain which is the best option for Rome and why.

Final paper: A five-stage final writing assignment during the second half of the semester in which you address a problem that faced the Roman Empire and propose plausible reforms to solve it. For this paper, you will need to identify a problem that required solving, research the problem (its roots, its sources), analyze the sources to judge the gravity of the problem, study its effects on the later Roman Empire, and propose a solution. The solution must be evidence-based, demonstrating that the reforms suggested would have worked to solve or alleviate the issue. You must also project the effects your reform would have not just in its specific area, but on the empire as a whole. The projection must be based on the use of sources, historical facts, and parallels (either from Roman history or the history of another culture).

Honors Contracts

Are available for this course. See me if you’re interested.

Course Caveats

It is essential that you do the reading. Lectures often will not touch upon every point in the reading, but I consider you responsible for the material in both the lectures and the readings and I will ask you questions about both on TurningPoint daily quizzes and exams.

It is also essential that you attend lecture. It is not possible to get higher than a C in this course without attending lecture. All students must have TurningPoint accounts and bring their connected devices to lecture each time. While up to three missed lectures will be forgiven, expect more to lower your grade.

If you run into technical issues with your clicker, you are responsible for contacting UTO or Turning Point to fix them. One way to tell if there are issues is to check your grade on Canvas regularly and make sure your clicker is registering grades or attendance on that site.

Other Caveats: Threatening Behavior and Course Subject Matter

Disruptive or threatening behavior towards the instructor or fellow students on the course Canvas site, via email, or in person will not be tolerated. See http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/ssm/ssm104-02.html for more information.
It is very important that students remember that the purpose of this course is to study another culture, primarily through its language. The ancient Romans are one of the foundation societies of Western culture, and many aspects of their language and society may seem familiar to us today; however, many aspects of the Latin language and Roman culture are also alien and might even be considered offensive in today’s society. If you find some of the course content offensive, please feel free to discuss it with me, my supervisor in Classics (Mike.Tueller@asu.edu), or the director of SILC (Nina.Berman@asu.edu). All of us may be contacted in person or by email.

**Title IX**
Title IX is a federal law that provides that no person be excluded on the basis of sex from participation in, be denied benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity. Both Title IX and university policy make clear that sexual violence and harassment based on sex is prohibited. An individual who believes they have been subjected to sexual violence or harassed on the basis of sex can seek support, including counseling and academic support, from the university. If you or someone you know has been harassed on the basis of sex or sexually assaulted, you can find information and resources at [https://sexualviolenceprevention.asu.edu/faqs](https://sexualviolenceprevention.asu.edu/faqs).

As a mandated reporter, I am obligated to report any information I become aware of regarding alleged acts of sexual discrimination, including sexual violence and dating violence. ASU Counseling Services, [https://eoss.asu.edu/counseling](https://eoss.asu.edu/counseling), is available if you wish discuss any concerns confidentially and privately.

**Intellectual Property and Changes to the Syllabus**
All lectures, assignments, and any other course material are my intellectual property and are under copyright. Students may not distribute any course materials – notes, tests, assignments, etc. For ASU’s policy, see [http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/acd/acd304-06.html](http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/acd/acd304-06.html).
The syllabus is subject to change if the instructor deems that to be appropriate.

**Accommodations and Academic Dishonesty**
Students who need any accommodation for the course for reasons of religion or disability should contact me as soon as possible. You may find the university policy on religious accommodations here: [http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/acd/acd304-04.html](http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/acd/acd304-04.html).

Students who must miss a course deadline because of an official university-sponsored event or activity must alert me as soon as possible to make the appropriate provisions. You can find the

The ancient Romans lived by a code of honor, and so will we. Assignments for this course (exams and TurningPoint work) are to be entirely your own work and no one else’s. I consider using a classmate’s TurningPoint account to submit answers on their behalf to be academic dishonesty. Submission of an assignment is equivalent to a statement that this is your own work; if cheating is discovered, the penalty is a zero on that assignment. This may result in
failure of the course as well, and a student who fails the course on grounds of cheating will be awarded the grade XE (failure because of academic dishonesty), which will provide a permanent record on your transcript of your academic dishonesty. If you are at all unclear on what comprises academic dishonesty, see me or visit http://www.asu.edu/aad/manuals/acd/studentacint.html.

NB: This syllabus is subject to change if the instructor deems it so necessary academically. If a change is needed, it will be announced on Canvas and in class and the change will always be to the benefit of the student.
Schedule of Topics and Readings
These assignments can also be found in the “Modules” page on Canvas, including any readings not in the textbooks. Readings are due the date under which they are listed (not the next day). Readings marked with a * are available on Canvas. Study questions for each day’s reading are also available on Canvas.

M 1/8  Introduction
take the syllabus quiz on Canvas (you will need to do this to be able access exam and assignment guides later, and to submit assignments)

W 1/10  The Problems of the Late Republic
*preface to Livy’s History of Rome (Ab Urbe Condita)
*J. von Ungern-Sternberg, “The Crisis of the Republic”

F 1/12  Augustan Solutions, I—Political
*Augustus, Res Gestae
*Tacitus, The Annals of Imperial Rome, 1.1-15

M 1/15  MLK Jr. Day (university holiday, no class)

W 1/17  Augustan Solutions, II—Economic
*Suetonius, Life of Augustus 1-50

F 1/19  Augustan Solutions, III—Moral and Social
*Suetonius, Life of Augustus, 51-101

M 1/22  Things Go Awry: Tiberius and Caligula
*Tacitus, The Annals of Imperial Rome, 1.16-30, 1.31-54, 2.27-46, 6.1-27

W 1/24  Dynastic Shenanigans: Claudius and Nero
*Tacitus, The Annals of Imperial Rome, 12.41-69, 15.48-74, Book 16

F 1/26  A New Hope: The Flavians
*Suetonius, Life of Vespasian

M 1/29  An Introduction to Primary Source Analysis
*C2
*The Senatus Consultum Ultimum de Cn. Pisone Patre
*Tacitus, The Annals of Imperial Rome, 2.47-88 and 3.1-19

W 1/31  The (Physical) Apex of Empire: Nerva, Trajan, and Hadrian
*Pliny the Younger, *Letters*, Book 10.61-121 (pay especial attention to 96-97)
*Cassius Dio, *Roman History*, epitome of Book 69

**F 2/2 External Issues in the High Empire**
*E. Gibbon, *Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire*, Chapter 1

**M 2/5 Internal Issues in the High Empire**
*E. Gibbon, *Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire*, Chapters 2-3

**W 2/7 The Last of the Five Good Emperors: Marcus Aurelius**
*Historia Augusta*, “Life of Marcus Aurelius,” parts 1 and 2
*selections from the *Meditations* of Marcus Aurelius

**F 2/9 Roman Cultural Identity in the High Empire**
*Lucian, *Eunuchus*
*Philostratus, excerpts from *The Lives of the Sophists*, 489-492 (Favorinus), 522-527 (Dionysius), 559-563 (Herodes)

**M 2/12 The End of the High Empire**
*Herodian, *History of the Roman Empire*, Book 1, Book 2.1-7

**W 2/14 Soldier-Emperors: The Severans**
*Herodian, *History of the Roman Empire*, Book 2.8—end of Book 3

**F 2/16 Midterm Review and Practice**

**M 2/19 Midterm Examination**

**W 2/21 The Third-Century Crisis: What Went Wrong?**
Cameron, chapter I
*Lewis and Reinhold, *Roman Civilization* vol. 2, pp. 419-440

**F 2/23 The Rise of Christianity**
*The Martyrdom of Sts. Perpetua and Felicity*
*Mithras Liturgy* (read the section marked “Actual Text”)

**M 2/26 Last Hope? Diocletian and the Economy**
Cameron chapter III
*”The Edict Fixing Maximum Prices”*

**W 2/28 Changing Ideas of “Romanness”**
*Eunapius, *Lives of the Sophists*, excerpts*
**F 3/2**  
No class  
**first writing project due by 11:59 pm**

**M 3/12**  
*Dividing the Empire: the Tetrarchy*  

**W 3/14**  
*Last Gasp? The Reign of Constantine the Great*  
Cameron chapter IV  
*Eusebius, Life of Constantine, excerpts*

**proposal for second writing project due by 11:59 pm**

**F 3/16**  
*Church Meets State: The Legitimization of Christianity*  
*Eusebius, Letter on the Council of Nicaea*  
*Arius, Thalia*  
*Socrates Scholasticus, Ecclesiastical History 1.37*

**M 3/19**  
*New Rome, New Romanness*  
Cameron chapter V  
Ammianus 14.6, 28.4 (pp. 45-50, 358-363)

**W 3/21**  
*Longing for the Pagan Past: Julian the Apostate*  
Cameron chapter VI  
Ammianus Marcellinus 15.6 (pp. 78-79), 15.8 (pp. 80-83), 16.1-5 (pp. 88-94), 16.12 (pp. 85-86), 17.3 (pp. 120-121), 20.4-5 (186-192), 21.1-2 (pp. 207-209), 21.8-10 (pp. 217-220), 22.13 (pp. 249-250), 25.3-4 (pp. 292-299)  
*Emperor Julian, Prescript on Christian Teaching*

**F 3/23**  
*Valens, Valentinian, and Disaster at Adrianople*  
Cameron chapter VII  
Ammianus 27.7 (pp. 340-342), 28.6 (pp. 363-368), 29.2 (pp. 376-381), 31.12-14 (pp. 432-439)

**M 3/26**  
*The Triumph of Christianity*  
*Symmachus, Relatio 3*  
*St. Ambrose, Letters 17-18*

**W 3/28**  
*Dividing the Empire (Again), Within and Without*  
*St. Ambrose, Letter 51 to the Emperor Theodosius*  
*Sozomen, Ecclesiastical History 7.25 on Ambrose and Theodosius*
*selections from the Theodosian Code

**outline for second writing project due by 11:59 pm**

**F 3/30** The Last Generations of the Western Roman Empire
Cameron chapters VIII-IX
*Sozomen, Ecclesiastical History 9.6 on the sack of Rome
*Paulinus of Pella, Eucharisticon

**M 4/2** AD 476: The Fall of the West
*P. Brown, The World of Late Antiquity, pp. 126-135

**W 4/4** The West after Rome
*W. Goffart, Barbarians and Romans, pp. 103-126
*excerpts from Gregory of Tours, History of the Franks
*selections from Venantius Fortunatus

**F 4/6** Life Goes on in the East
Cameron chapter XI
*sources on the murder of Hypatia

**M 4/9** One Last Try: Justinian
*P. Brown, The World of Late Antiquity, pp. 150-159
*excerpts from Justinian’s Code and Institutes

**W 4/11** Student Practica on Reforms (Political)
**first draft of second writing project due by 11:59 pm**

**F 4/13** Student Practica on Reforms (Military) C3, C4

**M 4/16** Student Practica on Reforms (Economic)

**W 4/18** Student Practica on Reforms (Sociocultural)

**F 4/20** What Did the Romans Think?
*Salvian, de Gubernatore Dei
*B. Croke, “AD 476: the manufacturing of a turning point”

**M 4/23** Why Did the Western Empire Fall?
*chart of 210 reasons for the decline and fall of the western Roman Empire
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W 4/25</td>
<td>Conclusions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 4/27</td>
<td>Final exam review and practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M 4/30</td>
<td>Final exam, regular classroom, 2:30-4:20 pm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 5/2</td>
<td><strong>final draft of second writing project due by 11:59 pm</strong></td>
</tr>
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Required books

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I Introduction: the third-century background 1
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THE LATER ROMAN EMPIRE

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Notes on the Text 445
Note on Officials and their Titles 476
Notes on Persons 478
Dates of Emperors 488
This volume contains in translation the major part of the extant books (14–31) of the histories of Ammianus Marcellinus, which cover the years A.D. 354–378. To keep within the bounds of a single Penguin volume some selection has been necessary, and the reader should be aware that this leaves a slightly unbalanced impression of Ammianus’ writing. Cuts have fallen most heavily on passages which do not affect the coherence of the narrative. One result is that the reign of Julian is more fully represented than those of Valentinian and Valens, which fall into a number of self-contained episodes. But the chief sacrifice has been a number of Ammianus’ celebrated digressions, mostly those on geography and natural phenomena. Some of these would be frankly tedious to a modern reader, but the digression was an integral feature of Ammianus’ approach to historical writing (cf. Introduction, § 23), and we have tried to retain enough material of this type to give some idea of his method and the remarkable range of his interests. The omitted passages constitute about one fifth of the whole, and every omission is indicated in the text.

The text of Ammianus, for which we have to rely almost entirely upon a single ninth-century manuscript, is disfigured by many corruptions and lacunae, though fortunately the passages in which the meaning is seriously in doubt are comparatively few. The translator has not found it possible to follow any single modern editor implicitly. He has used his own judgement in the choice of readings, but has consulted throughout the new Teubner edition of W. Seyfarth, the volumes of the Budé series as far as they at present extend, and the Loeb edition of J. C. Rolfe. Passages where the corruption is hopeless and it is necessary to resort to conjecture are printed in italics, as are also the chapter headings, abbreviated in most cases from those in the manuscripts, which are themselves the work of an early editor. In effect, all words in italics are editorial.

Ammianus’ style is characterized briefly in the Introduction (§ 24).